## **Statement of Basis of the Federal Operating Permit**

Invista S.à r.l.

Site Name: Victoria Site Area Name: HMD/BIO/OLA Physical Location: 2695 Old Bloomington Rd N Nearest City: Victoria County: Victoria

> Permit Number: O1902 Project Type: Minor Revision

Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) Code: 2869 SIC Name: Industrial Organic Chemicals

This Statement of Basis sets forth the legal and factual basis for the draft changes to the permit conditions resulting from the minor revision project in accordance with 30 TAC §122.201(a)(4). The applicant has submitted an application for a minor permit revision per §§ 122.215-217. This document may include the following information:

A description of the facility/area process description;

A description of the revision project;

A basis for applying permit shields;

A list of the federal regulatory applicability determinations;

A table listing the determination of applicable requirements;

A list of the New Source Review Requirements;

The rationale for periodic monitoring methods selected:

The rationale for compliance assurance methods selected;

A compliance status; and

A list of available unit attribute forms.

Prepared on: September 1, 2017

# Operating Permit Basis of Determination

#### **Description of Revisions**

Revisions include:

- Incorporation of a TCEQ-approved performance test waiver/Alternate Method of Compliance (AMOC) for 04FLR032. This resulted in the addition of term and condition 30 for alternative requirements and removal of the compliance schedule for that unit; and
- Change of process vent 04DIS501 from a Group 2 process vent to a Group 1 process vent, and add requirements for MACT FFFF.

#### **Permit Area Process Description**

Hexamethylenediamine (HMD) Production consists of various units:

#### Hydrogen Unit

Hydrogen is produced by the steam reforming of methane. Steam and natural gas are mixed and passed through catalyst at a high temperature to make a mixture of hydrogen, carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide. Natural gas burners provide the heat to the reactor ("reformer"). Process natural gas is first processed in desulfurizer beds to remove sulfur. These carbon beds are regenerated with steam which is routed to the Diamine Flare. Carbon monoxide is converted to carbon dioxide, separated from the process stream by absorption, and vented to the atmosphere.

### **HMD Synthesis**

Adiponitrile (ADN) is hydrogenated in liquid ammonia in the presence of catalyst to form crude hexamethylenediamine (HMD). Hydrogen is received from either the Hydrogen unit or the HCN unit in the ADN area on site. ADN is received from either the on-site ADN plant or by barge from off-site. Offgas from the synthesis area is routed to either the East Powerhouse boilers or to the Diamine Flare.

#### **HMD** Refining

The crude HMD is purified in the HMD Refining area by distillation into refined HMD and co-products. Feed materials, products, co-products and intermediates are received, stored, transferred and shipped from the area tank farms. Offgas from the refining area is routed to the Diamine Flare

#### **Specialty Products Refining**

Co-products from the HMD and ADN processes are refined by distillation and shipped off-site by rail car or tank trailer. The Diamine Flare (04FLRO32) is used to burn offgas from the HMD and hydrogen units, as well as control closed vent systems from waste tanks in the East Powerhouse and 311 areas. Biotreatment facility (BIO)

The biotreatment facility manages aqueous waste from the site, including wastewater from non-INVISTA polyethylene units which also are located at the Victoria Site. The facility is an enhanced biotreatment system which uses both aerobic and anaerobic reactors. Wastewater is conveyed to the Biotreatment facility in above-ground closed piping systems and treated wastewater is ultimately discharged through a NPDES-permitted outfall into the Guadalupe River. One equalization tank is routed to the Nitric Acid Fume Vent Header System for abatement of possible NOx emissions in the Acids Powerhouse area. All other reactors and vessels vent to the atmosphere.

#### Outlying Area (OLA)

Also included in this permit is the site's Outlying Area, which includes a permitted Hazardous Waste Landfill. Landfill cells 4 and 5 are equipped with a vapor recovery system consisting of a closed vent system and carbon canisters. Spent carbon is disposed of off-site in an incinerator.

#### **FOPs at Site**

The "application area" consists of the emission units and that portion of the site included in the application and this permit. Multiple FOPs may be issued to a site in accordance with 30 TAC § 122.201(e). When there is only one area for the site,

then the application information and permit will include all units at the site. Additional FOPs that exist at the site, if any, are listed below.

Additional FOPs: O1415, O1867, O1904

#### **Major Source Pollutants**

The table below specifies the pollutants for which the site is a major source:

Major Pollutants	VOC, SO2, PM, NOX, HAPS, CO, GHG

#### **Reading State of Texas's Federal Operating Permit**

The Title V Federal Operating Permit (FOP) lists all state and federal air emission regulations and New Source Review (NSR) authorizations (collectively known as "applicable requirements") that apply at a particular site or permit area (in the event a site has multiple FOPs). **The FOP does not authorize new emissions or new construction activities.** The FOP begins with an introductory page which is common to all Title V permits. This page gives the details of the company, states the authority of the issuing agency, requires the company to operate in accordance with this permit and 30 Texas Administrative Code (TAC) Chapter 122, requires adherence with NSR requirements of 30 TAC Chapter 116, and finally indicates the permit number and the issuance date.

This is followed by the table of contents, which is generally composed of the following elements. Not all permits will have all of the elements.

- General Terms and Conditions
- Special Terms and Conditions
  - Emissions Limitations and Standards, Monitoring and Testing, and Recordkeeping and Reporting
  - Additional Monitoring Requirements
  - New Source Review Authorization Requirements
  - o Compliance Requirements
  - o Protection of Stratosphere Ozone
  - Permit Location
  - Permit Shield (30 TAC § 122.148)
- Attachments
  - Applicable Requirements Summary
    - Unit Summary
    - Applicable Requirements Summary
  - Additional Monitoring Requirements
  - Permit Shield
  - New Source Review Authorization References
  - Compliance Plan
  - Alternative Requirements
- Appendix A
  - Acronym list
- Appendix B
  - Copies of major NSR authorizations

#### General Terms and Conditions

The General Terms and Conditions are the same and appear in all permits. The first paragraph lists the specific citations for 30 TAC Chapter 122 requirements that apply to all Title V permit holders. The second paragraph describes the requirements for record retention. The third paragraph provides details for voiding the permit, if applicable. The fourth paragraph states that the permit holder shall comply with the requirements of 30 TAC Chapter 116 by obtaining a New

Source Review authorization prior to new construction or modification of emission units located in the area covered by this permit. The fifth paragraph provides details on submission of reports required by the permit.

#### **Special Terms and Conditions**

Emissions Limitations and Standards, Monitoring and Testing, and Recordkeeping and Reporting. The TCEQ has designated certain applicable requirements as site-wide requirements. A site-wide requirement is a requirement that applies uniformly to all the units or activities at the site. Units with only site-wide requirements are addressed on Form OP-REQ1 and are not required to be listed separately on a OP-UA Form or Form OP-SUM. Form OP-SUM must list all units addressed in the application and provide identifying information, applicable OP-UA Forms, and preconstruction authorizations. The various OP-UA Forms provide the characteristics of each unit from which applicable requirements are established. Some exceptions exist as a few units may have both site-wide requirements and unit specific requirements.

Other conditions. The other entries under special terms and conditions are in general terms referring to compliance with the more detailed data listed in the attachments.

#### Attachments

Applicable Requirements Summary. The first attachment, the Applicable Requirements Summary, has two tables, addressing unit specific requirements. The first table, the Unit Summary, includes a list of units with applicable requirements, the unit type, the applicable regulation, and the requirement driver. The intent of the requirement driver is to inform the reader that a given unit may have several different operating scenarios and the differences between those operating scenarios.

The applicable requirements summary table provides the detailed citations of the rules that apply to the various units. For each unit and operating scenario, there is an added modifier called the "index number," detailed citations specifying monitoring and testing requirements, recordkeeping requirements, and reporting requirements. The data for this table are based on data supplied by the applicant on the OP-SUM and various OP-UA forms.

Additional Monitoring Requirement. The next attachment includes additional monitoring the applicant must perform to ensure compliance with the applicable standard. Compliance assurance monitoring (CAM) is often required to provide a reasonable assurance of compliance with applicable emission limitations/standards for large emission units that use control devices to achieve compliance with applicant requirements. When necessary, periodic monitoring (PM) requirements are specified for certain parameters (i.e. feed rates, flow rates, temperature, fuel type and consumption, etc.) to determine if a term and condition or emission unit is operating within specified limits to control emissions. These additional monitoring approaches may be required for two reasons. First, the applicable rules do not adequately specify monitoring requirements (exception- Maximum Achievable Control Technology Standards (MACTs) generally have sufficient monitoring), and second, monitoring may be required to fill gaps in the monitoring requirements of certain applicable requirements. In situations where the NSR permit is the applicable requirement requiring extra monitoring for a specific emission unit, the preferred solution is to have the monitoring requirements in the NSR permit updated so that all NSR requirements are consolidated in the NSR permit.

Permit Shield. A permit may or may not have a permit shield, depending on whether an applicant has applied for, and justified the granting of, a permit shield. A permit shield is a special condition included in the permit document stating that compliance with the conditions of the permit shall be deemed compliance with the specified potentially applicable requirement(s) or specified applicable state-only requirement(s).

New Source Review Authorization References. All activities which are related to emissions in the state of Texas must have a NSR authorization prior to beginning construction. This section lists all units in the permit and the NSR authorization that allowed the unit to be constructed or modified. Units that do not have unit specific applicable requirements other than the NSR authorization do not need to be listed in this attachment. While NSR permits are not physically a part of the Title V permit, they are legally incorporated into the Title V permit by reference. Those NSR permits whose emissions exceed certain PSD/NA thresholds must also undergo a Federal review of federally regulated pollutants in addition to review for state regulated pollutants.

Compliance Plan. A permit may have a compliance schedule attachment for listing corrective actions plans for any emission unit that is out of compliance with an applicable requirement.

Alternative Requirements. This attachment will list any alternative monitoring plans or alternative means of compliance for applicable requirements that have been approved by the EPA Administrator and/or the TCEQ Executive Director.

#### Appendix A

Acronym list. This attachment lists the common acronyms used when discussing the FOPs.

#### Appendix B

Copies of major NSR authorizations applicable to the units covered by this permit have been included in this Appendix, to ensure that all interested persons can access those authorizations.

## Stationary vents subject to 30 TAC Chapter 111, Subchapter A, § 111.111(a)(1)(B) addressed in the Special Terms and Conditions

The site contains stationary vents with a flowrate less than 100,000 actual cubic feet per minute (acfm) and constructed either before or after January 31, 1972 which are limited, over a six-minute average, to 20% opacity as required by 30 TAC § 111.111(a)(1)(B). As a site may have a large number of stationary vents that fall into this category, they are not required to be listed individually in the permit's Applicable Requirement Summary. This is consistent with EPA's White Paper for Streamlined Development of Part 70 Permit Applications, July 10, 1995, that states that requirements that apply identically to emission units at a site can be treated on a generic basis such as source-wide opacity limits.

Periodic monitoring is specified in Special Term and Condition 3.A. for stationary vents subject to 30 TAC § 111.111(a)(1)(B) to verify compliance with the 20% opacity limit. These vents are not expected to produce visible emissions during normal operation. The TCEQ evaluated the probability of these sources violating the opacity standards and determined that there is a very low potential that an opacity standard would be exceeded. It was determined that continuous monitoring for these sources is not warranted as there would be very limited environmental benefit in continuously monitoring sources that have a low potential to produce visible emissions. Therefore, the TCEQ set the visible observation monitoring frequency for these sources to once per calendar quarter.

The TCEQ has exempted vents that are not capable of producing visible emissions from periodic monitoring requirements. These vents include sources of colorless VOCs, non-fuming liquids, and other materials that cannot produce emissions that obstruct the transmission of light. Passive ventilation vents, such as plumbing vents, are also included in this category. Since this category of vents are not capable of producing opacity due to the physical or chemical characteristics of the emission source, periodic monitoring is not required as it would not yield any additional data to assure compliance with the 20% opacity standard of 30 TAC § 111.111(a)(1)(B).

In the event that visible emissions are detected, either through the quarterly observation or other credible evidence, such as observations from company personnel, the permit holder shall either report a deviation or perform a Test Method 9 observation to determine the opacity consistent with the 6-minute averaging time specified in 30 TAC § 111.111(a)(1)(B). An additional provision is included to monitor combustion sources more frequently than quarterly if alternate fuels are burned for periods greater than 24 consecutive hours. This will address possible emissions that may arise when switching fuel types.

#### Stationary Vents subject to 30 TAC Chapter 111 not addressed in the Special Terms and Conditions

All other stationary vents subject to 30 TAC Chapter 111 not covered in the Special Terms and Conditions are listed in the permit's Applicable Requirement Summary. The basis for the applicability determinations for these vents are listed in the Determination of Applicable Requirements table.

#### **Federal Regulatory Applicability Determinations**

The following chart summarizes the applicability of the principal air pollution regulatory programs to the permit area:

Regulatory Program	Applicability (Yes/No)
Prevention of Significant Deterioration (PSD)	Yes
Nonattainment New Source Review (NNSR)	No
Minor NSR	Yes
40 CFR Part 60 - New Source Performance Standards	Yes
40 CFR Part 61 - National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants (NESHAPs)	Yes
40 CFR Part 63 - NESHAPs for Source Categories	Yes
Title IV (Acid Rain) of the Clean Air Act (CAA)	No
Title V (Federal Operating Permits) of the CAA	Yes
Title VI (Stratospheric Ozone Protection) of the CAA	Yes
CSAPR (Cross-State Air Pollution Rule)	No

#### **Basis for Applying Permit Shields**

An operating permit applicant has the opportunity to specifically request a permit shield to document that specific applicable requirements do not apply to emission units in the permit. A permit shield is a special condition stating that compliance with the conditions of the permit shall be deemed compliance with the specified potentially applicable requirements or specified potentially applicable state-only requirements. A permit shield has been requested in the application for specific emission units. For the permit shield requests that have been approved, the basis of determination for regulations that the owner/operator need not comply with are located in the "Permit Shield" attachment of the permit.

#### **Insignificant Activities**

In general, units not meeting the criteria for inclusion on either Form OP-SUM or Form OP-REQ1 are not required to be addressed in the operating permit application. Examples of these types of units include, but are not limited to, the following:

- 1. Office activities such as photocopying, blueprint copying, and photographic processes.
- 2. Sanitary sewage collection and treatment facilities other than those used to incinerate wastewater treatment plant sludge. Stacks or vents for sanitary sewer plumbing traps are also included.
- 3. Food preparation facilities including, but not limited to, restaurants and cafeterias used for preparing food or beverages primarily for consumption on the premises.
- 4. Outdoor barbecue pits, campfires, and fireplaces.
- 5. Laundry dryers, extractors, and tumblers processing bedding, clothing, or other fabric items generated primarily at the premises. This does not include emissions from dry cleaning systems using perchloroethylene or petroleum solvents.
- 6. Facilities storing only dry, sweet natural gas, including natural gas pressure regulator vents.
- 7. Any air separation or other industrial gas production, storage, or packaging facility. Industrial gases, for purposes of this list, include only oxygen, nitrogen, helium, neon, argon, krypton, and xenon.
- 8. Storage and handling of sealed portable containers, cylinders, or sealed drums.
- 9. Vehicle exhaust from maintenance or repair shops.

- 10. Storage and use of non-VOC products or equipment for maintaining motor vehicles operated at the site (including but not limited to, antifreeze and fuel additives).
- 11. Air contaminant detectors and recorders, combustion controllers and shut-off devices, product analyzers, laboratory analyzers, continuous emissions monitors, other analyzers and monitors, and emissions associated with sampling activities. Exception to this category includes sampling activities that are deemed fugitive emissions and under a regulatory leak detection and repair program.
- 12. Bench scale laboratory equipment and laboratory equipment used exclusively for chemical and physical analysis, including but not limited to, assorted vacuum producing devices and laboratory fume hoods.
- 13. Steam vents, steam leaks, and steam safety relief valves, provided the steam (or boiler feedwater) has not contacted other materials or fluids containing regulated air pollutants other than boiler water treatment chemicals.
- 14. Storage of water that has not contacted other materials or fluids containing regulated air pollutants other than boiler water treatment chemicals.
- 15. Well cellars.
- 16. Fire or emergency response equipment and training, including but not limited to, use of fire control equipment including equipment testing and training, and open burning of materials or fuels associated with firefighting training.
- 17. Crucible or pot furnaces with a brim full capacity of less than 450 cubic inches of any molten metal.
- 18. Equipment used exclusively for the melting or application of wax.
- 19. All closed tumblers used for the cleaning or deburring of metal products without abrasive blasting, and all open tumblers with a batch capacity of 1,000 lbs. or less.
- 20. Shell core and shell mold manufacturing machines.
- 21. Sand or investment molds with a capacity of 100 lbs. or less used for the casting of metals;
- 22. Equipment used for inspection of metal products.
- 23. Equipment used exclusively for rolling, forging, pressing, drawing, spinning, or extruding either hot or cold metals by some mechanical means.
- 24. Instrument systems utilizing air, natural gas, nitrogen, oxygen, carbon dioxide, helium, neon, argon, krypton, and xenon.
- 25. Battery recharging areas.
- 26. Brazing, soldering, or welding equipment.

#### **Determination of Applicable Requirements**

The tables below include the applicability determinations for the emission units, the index number(s) where applicable, and all relevant unit attribute information used to form the basis of the applicability determination. The unit attribute information is a description of the physical properties of an emission unit which is used to determine the requirements to which the permit holder must comply. For more information about the descriptions of the unit attributes specific Unit Attribute Forms may be viewed at <a href="https://www.tceq.texas.gov/permitting/air/nav/air\_all\_ua\_forms.html">www.tceq.texas.gov/permitting/air/nav/air\_all\_ua\_forms.html</a>.

A list of unit attribute forms is included at the end of this document. Some examples of unit attributes include construction date; product stored in a tank; boiler fuel type; etc.. Generally, multiple attributes are needed to determine the requirements for a given emission unit and index number. The table below lists these attributes in the column entitled "Basis of Determination." Attributes that demonstrate that an applicable requirement applies will be the factual basis for the specific citations in an applicable requirement that apply to a unit for that index number. The TCEQ Air Permits Division has developed flowcharts for determining applicability of state and federal regulations based on the unit attribute information in a Decision Support System (DSS). These flowcharts can be accessed via the internet at <a href="https://www.tceq.texas.gov/permitting/air/nav/air\_supportsys.html">www.tceq.texas.gov/permitting/air/nav/air\_supportsys.html</a>. The Air Permits Division staff may also be contacted for assistance at (512) 239-1250.

The attributes for each unit and corresponding index number provide the basis for determining the specific legal citations in an applicable requirement that apply, including emission limitations or standards, monitoring, recordkeeping, and reporting. The rules were found to apply or not apply by using the unit attributes as answers to decision questions found in the flowcharts of the DSS. Some additional attributes indicate which legal citations of a rule apply. The legal citations that apply to each emission unit may be found in the Applicable Requirements Summary table of the draft permit. There may be some entries or rows of units and rules not found in the permit, or if the permit contains a permit shield, repeated in the permit shield area. These are sets of attributes that describe negative applicability, or; in other words, the reason why a potentially applicable requirement does not apply.

If applicability determinations have been made which differ from the available flowcharts, an explanation of the decisions involved in the applicability determination is specified in the column "Changes and Exceptions to RRT." If there were no exceptions to the DSS, then this column has been removed.

The draft permit includes all emission limitations or standards, monitoring, recordkeeping and reporting required by each applicable requirement. If an applicable requirement does not require monitoring, recordkeeping, or reporting, the word "None" will appear in the Applicable Requirements Summary table. If additional periodic monitoring is required for an applicable requirement, it will be explained in detail in the portion of this document entitled "Rationale for Compliance Assurance Monitoring (CAM)/ Periodic Monitoring Methods Selected."

When attributes demonstrate that a unit is not subject to an applicable requirement, the applicant may request a permit shield for those items. The portion of this document entitled "Basis for Applying Permit Shields" specifies which units, if any, have a permit shield.

#### Operational Flexibility

When an emission unit has multiple operating scenarios, it will have a different index number associated with each operating condition. This means that units are permitted to operate under multiple operating conditions. The applicable requirements for each operating condition are determined by a unique set of unit attributes. For example, a tank may store two different products at different points in time. The tank may, therefore, need to comply with two distinct sets of requirements, depending on the product that is stored. Both sets of requirements are included in the permit, so that the permit holder may store either product in the tank.

## **Determination of Applicable Requirements**

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*	Changes and Exceptions to DSS**
13ENG007	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart JJJJ	60JJJJ-7	Construction/Reconstruction/Modification Date = The stationary spark ignition (SI) internal combustion engine (ICE) commenced construction, reconstruction or modification after June 12, 2006.  Manufactured Date = Date of manufacture is prior to January 1, 2009.  Test Cell = The SI ICE is not being tested at an engine test cell/stand.  Temp Replacement = The SI ICE is not acting as a temporary replacement.  Horsepower = Maximum engine power greater than 100 HP and less than 130 HP.  Fuel = SI ICE that is a rich-burn engine that uses liquefied petroleum gas (LPG).  Commencing = SI ICE that is commencing new construction.	
13ENG007	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart ZZZZ	63ZZZZ-1	HAP Source = Any stationary source or group of stationary sources of hazardous air pollutants meeting the definition of a major source as described in 40 CFR § 63.2.  Brake HP = Stationary RICE with a brake HP greater than or equal to 100 HP and less than 250 HP.  Construction/Reconstruction Date = Commenced construction or reconstruction on or after June 12, 2006.  Service Type = Emergency use where the RICE does not operate as specified in 40 CFR §63.6640(f)(2)(ii) and (iii) or does not operate as specified in 40 CFR §63.6640(f)(4)(iii).	
13ENG00C	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart ZZZZ	63ZZZZ-2	HAP Source = Any stationary source or group of stationary sources of hazardous air pollutants meeting the definition of a major source as described in 40 CFR § 63.2.  Brake HP = Stationary RICE with a brake HP greater than or equal to 300 HP and less than or equal to 500 HP.  Construction/Reconstruction Date = Commenced construction or reconstruction before December 19, 2002.  Service Type = Emergency use where the RICE does not operate as specified in 40 CFR §63.6640(f)(2)(ii) and (iii) or does not operate as specified in 40 CFR §63.6640(f)(4)(iii).  Stationary RICE Type = Compression ignition engine	
13ENG00GA	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart ZZZZ	63ZZZZ-2	HAP Source = Any stationary source or group of stationary sources of hazardous air pollutants meeting the definition of a major source as described in 40 CFR § 63.2.  Brake HP = Stationary RICE with a brake HP greater than or equal to 300 HP and less than or equal to 500 HP.  Construction/Reconstruction Date = Commenced construction or reconstruction before December 19, 2002.  Service Type = Emergency use where the RICE does not operate as specified in 40 CFR §63.6640(f)(2)(ii) and (iii) or does not operate as specified in 40 CFR §63.6640(f)(4)(ii).  Stationary RICE Type = Compression ignition engine	
13ENG00H	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart IIII	601111-1	Applicability Date = Stationary CI ICE commenced construction, reconstruction, or modification after 07/11/2005.	Replaced grouped standard [G]§60.4211(f) with specific requirements §60.4211(f),

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*	Changes and Exceptions to DSS**
			Diesel = Diesel fuel is used.	§60.4211(f)(1), §60.4211(f)(2),
			Kilowatts = Power rating is greater than or equal to 130 KW and less than or equal to 368 KW.	§60.4211(f)(2)(i), and §60.4211(f)(3)
			Exemptions = The CI ICE is not exempt due to national security, testing at an engine test cell/stand or as a temporary replacement.	
			Displacement = Displacement is greater than or equal to 25 and less than 30 liters per cylinder.	
			Service = CI ICE is a fire-pump engine, an emergency engine certified to National Fire Protection Association requirements.	
			Standards = The emergency CI ICE does not meet the standards applicable to non-emergency engines.	
			Commencing = CI ICE was newly constructed after 07/11/2005.	
			Compliance Option = The CI ICE and control device is installed, configured, operated, and maintained according to the manufacturer's emission-related written instructions.	
			Manufacture Date = Date of manufacture was after 07/01/2006.	
			Model Year = CI ICE was manufactured in model year 2010.	
			Options = The CI ICE rated speed is less than 2650 RPMs.	
13ENG00H	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart ZZZZ	63ZZZZ-3	HAP Source = Any stationary source or group of stationary sources of hazardous air pollutants meeting the definition of a major source as described in 40 CFR § 63.2.	
			Brake HP = Stationary RICE with a brake HP greater than or equal to 300 HP and less than or equal to 500 HP.	
			Construction/Reconstruction Date = Commenced construction or reconstruction on or after June 12, 2006.	
			Service Type = Emergency use where the RICE does not operate as specified in 40 CFR §63.6640(f)(2)(ii) and (iii) or does not operate as specified in 40 CFR §63.6640(f)(4)(ii).	
13ENG00J	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart IIII	60IIII-1	Applicability Date = Stationary CI ICE commenced construction, reconstruction, or modification after 07/11/2005.	
			Diesel = Diesel fuel is used.	
			Kilowatts = Power rating is greater than or equal to 130 KW and less than or equal to 368 KW.	
			Exemptions = The CI ICE is not exempt due to national security, testing at an engine test cell/stand or as a temporary replacement.	
			Displacement = Displacement is greater than or equal to 25 and less than 30 liters per cylinder.	
			Service = CI ICE is a fire-pump engine, an emergency engine certified to National Fire Protection Association requirements.	
			Standards = The emergency CI ICE does not meet the standards applicable to non-emergency engines.	
			Commencing = CI ICE was newly constructed after 07/11/2005.	
			Compliance Option = The CI ICE and control device is installed, configured, operated, and maintained according to the manufacturer's emission-related written instructions.	
			Manufacture Date = Date of manufacture was after 07/01/2006.	

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*	Changes and Exceptions to DSS**
			Model Year = CI ICE was manufactured in model year 2010.	
			Options = The CI ICE rated speed is less than 2650 RPMs.	
13ENG00J	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart ZZZZ	63ZZZZ-3	HAP Source = Any stationary source or group of stationary sources of hazardous air pollutants meeting the definition of a major source as described in 40 CFR § 63.2.	
			Brake HP = Stationary RICE with a brake HP greater than or equal to 300 HP and less than or equal to 500 HP.	
			Construction/Reconstruction Date = Commenced construction or reconstruction on or after June 12, 2006.	
			Service Type = Emergency use where the RICE does not operate as specified in 40 CFR §63.6640(f)(2)(ii) and (iii) or does not operate as specified in 40 CFR §63.6640(f)(4)(ii).	
13ENG00K	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart ZZZZ	63ZZZZ-4	HAP Source = Any stationary source or group of stationary sources of hazardous air pollutants meeting the definition of a major source as described in 40 CFR § 63.2.	
			Brake HP = Stationary RICE with a brake HP greater than or equal to 250 HP and less than 300 HP.	
			Construction/Reconstruction Date = Commenced construction or reconstruction before December 19, 2002.	
			Service Type = Emergency use where the RICE does not operate as specified in 40 CFR §63.6640(f)(2)(ii) and (iii) or does not operate as specified in 40 CFR §63.6640(f)(4)(ii).	
			Stationary RICE Type = Compression ignition engine	
GRP13ENG01	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart ZZZZ	63ZZZZ-4	HAP Source = Any stationary source or group of stationary sources of hazardous air pollutants meeting the definition of a major source as described in 40 CFR § 63.2.	
			Brake HP = Stationary RICE with a brake HP greater than or equal to 250 HP and less than 300 HP.	
			Construction/Reconstruction Date = Commenced construction or reconstruction before December 19, 2002.	
			Service Type = Emergency use where the RICE does not operate as specified in 40 CFR §63.6640(f)(2)(ii) and (iii) or does not operate as specified in 40 CFR §63.6640(f)(4)(ii).	
			Stationary RICE Type = Compression ignition engine	
GRP13ENG02	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart IIII	60IIII-2	Applicability Date = Stationary CI ICE commenced construction, reconstruction, or modification after 07/11/2005.	Replaced grouped standard [G]§60.4211(f) with specific
			Diesel = Diesel fuel is used.	requirements §60.4211(f), §60.4211(f)(1), §60.4211(f)(2),
			Kilowatts = Power rating is greater than 368 KW and less than 450 KW.	§60.4211(f)(2)(i), and §60.4211(f)(3)
			Exemptions = The CI ICE is not exempt due to national security, testing at an engine test cell/stand or as a temporary replacement.	
			Displacement = Displacement is greater than or equal to 25 and less than 30 liters per cylinder.	
			Service = CI ICE is a fire-pump engine, an emergency engine certified to National Fire Protection Association requirements.	
			Standards = The emergency CI ICE does not meet the standards applicable to non-emergency engines.	

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*	Changes and Exceptions to DSS**
			Commencing = CI ICE was newly constructed after 07/11/2005.	
			Compliance Option = The CI ICE and control device is installed, configured, operated, and maintained according to the manufacturer's emission-related written instructions.	
			Manufacture Date = Date of manufacture was after 07/01/2006.	
			Model Year = CI ICE was manufactured in model year 2010.	
			Options = The CI ICE rated speed is less than 2650 RPMs.	
GRP13ENG02	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart ZZZZ	63ZZZZ-5	HAP Source = Any stationary source or group of stationary sources of hazardous air pollutants meeting the definition of a major source as described in 40 CFR § 63.2.	
			Brake HP = Stationary RICE with a brake HP greater than 500 HP.	
			Construction/Reconstruction Date = Commenced construction or reconstruction after December 19, 2002. GOP only.	
			Service Type = Emergency use where the RICE does not operate as specified in 40 CFR §63.6640(f)(2)(ii) and (iii) or does not operate as specified in 40 CFR §63.6640(f)(4)(ii).	
GRP13ENG03	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart ZZZZ	63ZZZZ-6	HAP Source = Any stationary source or group of stationary sources of hazardous air pollutants meeting the definition of a major source as described in 40 CFR § 63.2.	
			Brake HP = Stationary RICE with a brake HP greater than or equal to 100 HP and less than 250 HP.	
			Construction/Reconstruction Date = Commenced construction or reconstruction before December 19, 2002.	
			Service Type = Emergency use where the RICE does not operate as specified in 40 CFR §63.6640(f)(2)(ii) and (iii) or does not operate as specified in 40 CFR §63.6640(f)(4)(ii).	
			Stationary RICE Type = Compression ignition engine	
GRP13ENG04	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart JJJJ	60JJJJ-1	Construction/Reconstruction/Modification Date = The stationary spark ignition (SI) internal combustion engine (ICE) commenced construction, reconstruction or modification after June 12, 2006.	
			Manufactured Date = Date of manufacture is on or after January 1, 2009.	
			Test Cell = The SI ICE is not being tested at an engine test cell/stand.	
			Certified = Purchased a non-certified SI ICE.	
			Temp Replacement = The SI ICE is not acting as a temporary replacement.	
			Horsepower = Maximum engine power greater than 25 HP and less than or equal to 100 HP.	
			Fuel = SI ICE that uses natural gas.	
			Service = SI ICE is an emergency engine.	
			Commencing = SI ICE that is commencing new construction.	
GRP13ENG04	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart ZZZZ	63ZZZZ-7	HAP Source = Any stationary source or group of stationary sources of hazardous air pollutants meeting the definition of a major source as described in 40 CFR § 63.2.	
			Brake HP = Stationary RICE with a brake HP less than 100 HP.	
			Construction/Reconstruction Date = Commenced construction or reconstruction on or after June 12, 2006.	

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*	Changes and Exceptions to DSS**
			Service Type = Emergency use where the RICE does not operate as specified in 40 CFR §63.6640(f)(2)(ii) and (iii) or does not operate as specified in 40 CFR §63.6640(f)(4)(ii).	
GRP13ENG05	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart ZZZZ	63ZZZZ-7	HAP Source = Any stationary source or group of stationary sources of hazardous air pollutants meeting the definition of a major source as described in 40 CFR § 63.2.  Brake HP = Stationary RICE with a brake HP greater than or equal to 100 HP and less than 250 HP.  Construction/Reconstruction Date = Commenced construction or reconstruction before December 19, 2002.  Service Type = Emergency use where the RICE does not operate as specified in 40 CFR §63.6640(f)(2)(ii) and (iii) or does not operate as specified in 40 CFR §63.6640(f)(4)(iii).  Stationary RICE Type = Compression ignition engine	
04TFX023B	30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of VOCs	R5112-1	Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.  Tank Description = Tank using a submerged fill pipe  True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is less than 1.0 psia  Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate  Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 40,000 gallons  Control Device Type = Other control device	
04TFX023B	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Kb	60KB-3	Product Stored = Volatile organic liquid  Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than or equal to 39,900 gallons (151,000 liters)  Maximum True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is less than 0.5 psia	
04TFX026	30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of VOCs	R5112-11	Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.  Tank Description = Tank using a vapor recovery system (VRS)  True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is less than 1.0 psia  Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate  Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 40,000 gallons  Control Device Type = Flare	
04TFX026	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Kb	60KB-3	Product Stored = Volatile organic liquid  Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than or equal to 39,900 gallons (151,000 liters)  Maximum True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is greater than or equal to 0.75 psia but less than 11.1 psia  Storage Vessel Description = Closed vent system (CVS) with a flare used as the control device (fixed roof)	

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*	Changes and Exceptions to DSS**
04TFX027	30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of	R5112-3	Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.	
	VOCs		Tank Description = Tank does not require emission controls	
			True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is less than 1.0 psia	
			Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate	
			Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 1,000 gallons but less than or equal to 25,000 gallons	
04TFX027	40 CFR Part 61, Subpart FF	61FF-1	Bypass Line = The closed vent system contains any by-pass line that could divert the vent stream away from the control device.	
			Tank Control Requirements = The tank has a fixed roof and closed vent system routing vapors to either a fuel gas system or control device.	
			Waste Treatment Tank = The tank manages, treats or stores a waste stream subject to 40 CFR Part 61, Subpart FF.	
			Alternative Standard for Tanks = The tank is not complying with the alternative standards in 40 CFR § 61.351.	
			Bypass Line Valve = A car-seal or lock and key configuration are used to secure the by-pass line valve in the closed position.	
			Fuel Gas System = Gaseous emissions from the tank or enclosure are not routed to a fuel gas system.	
			Control Device Type/Operations = Flare	
			Cover and Closed Vent = The cover and closed vent system are not operated such that the tank is maintained at a pressure less than atmospheric pressure and meets the conditions of $40 \text{ CFR } \S 61.343(a)(1)(i)(C)(1) - (3)$ .	
			Closed Vent System and Control Device AMOC = Not using an alternate means of compliance	
			Alternative Means of Compliance = Not using an alternate means of compliance to meet the requirements of 40 CFR § 61.343 for tanks.	
04TFX044	30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of	R5112-4	Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.	
	VOCs		Tank Description = Tank does not require emission controls	
			True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is less than 1.0 psia	
			Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate	
			Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 40,000 gallons	
04TFX044	40 CFR Part 60,	60KB-1	Product Stored = Waste mixture of indeterminate or variable composition	
	Subpart Kb		Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than or equal to 39,900 gallons (151,000 liters)	
			Maximum True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is less than 0.5 psia	
04TFX504	30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of	R5112-3	Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.	
	VOCs		Tank Description = Tank does not require emission controls	

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*	Changes and Exceptions to DSS**
			True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is less than 1.0 psia  Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate  Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 1,000 gallons but less than or equal to 25,000 gallons	
04TFX504	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Kb	60KB-3	Product Stored = Waste mixture of indeterminate or variable composition  Storage Capacity = Capacity is less than 10,600 gallons (40,000 liters)	
04TFX506	30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of VOCs	R5112-3	Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.  Tank Description = Tank does not require emission controls  True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is less than 1.0 psia  Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate  Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 1,000 gallons but less than or equal to 25,000 gallons	
04TFX508	30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of VOCs	R5112-11	Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.  Tank Description = Tank does not require emission controls  True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is less than 1.0 psia  Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate  Storage Capacity = Capacity is less than or equal to 1,000 gallons	
04TFX508	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Kb	60KB-4	Product Stored = Waste mixture of indeterminate or variable composition  Storage Capacity = Capacity is less than 10,600 gallons (40,000 liters)	
08SMP018	30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of VOCs	R5112-3	Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.  Tank Description = Tank does not require emission controls  True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is less than 1.0 psia  Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate  Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 1,000 gallons but less than or equal to 25,000 gallons	
08SMP018	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Kb	60KBB	Product Stored = Volatile organic liquid Storage Capacity = Capacity is less than 10,600 gallons (40,000 liters)	

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*	Changes and Exceptions to DSS**
11SMP081	30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of	R5111	Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.	
	VOCs		Tank Description = Tank does not require emission controls	
			True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is less than 1.0 psia	
			Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate	
			Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 1,000 gallons but less than or equal to 25,000 gallons	
11SMP081	40 CFR Part 60,	60KB-1	Product Stored = Waste mixture of indeterminate or variable composition	
	Subpart Kb		Storage Capacity = Capacity is less than 10,600 gallons (40,000 liters)	
11SMP081	40 CFR Part 61, Subpart FF	61FF-2	Bypass Line = The closed vent system does not contain any by-pass line that could divert the vent stream away from the control device.	
			Tank Control Requirements = The tank has a fixed roof and closed vent system routing vapors to either a fuel gas system or control device.	
			Waste Treatment Tank = The tank manages, treats or stores a waste stream subject to 40 CFR Part 61, Subpart FF.	
			Alternative Standard for Tanks = The tank is not complying with the alternative standards in 40 CFR § 61.351.	
			Fuel Gas System = Gaseous emissions from the tank or enclosure are not routed to a fuel gas system.	
			Control Device Type/Operations = Flare	
			Cover and Closed Vent = The cover and closed vent system are not operated such that the tank is maintained at a pressure less than atmospheric pressure and meets the conditions of 40 CFR § 61.343(a)(1)(i)(C)(1) - (3).	
			Closed Vent System and Control Device AMOC = Not using an alternate means of compliance	
			Alternative Means of Compliance = Not using an alternate means of compliance to meet the requirements of 40 CFR § 61.343 for tanks.	
11TFX018	30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of	R5112-4	Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.	
	VOCs	Tank Description = Tank does not require emission controls  True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is less than 1.0 psia  Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate	Tank Description = Tank does not require emission controls	
			True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is less than 1.0 psia	
			Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate	
			Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 40,000 gallons	
11TFX018	40 CFR Part 61, Subpart FF	61FF-2	Bypass Line = The closed vent system does not contain any by-pass line that could divert the vent stream away from the control device.	
			Tank Control Requirements = The tank has a fixed roof and closed vent system routing vapors to either a fuel gas system or control device.	
			Waste Treatment Tank = The tank manages, treats or stores a waste stream subject to 40 CFR Part 61, Subpart FF.	
			Alternative Standard for Tanks = The tank is not complying with the alternative standards in	

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*	Changes and Exceptions to DSS**
			40 CFR § 61.351.	
			Fuel Gas System = Gaseous emissions from the tank or enclosure are not routed to a fuel gas system.	
			Control Device Type/Operations = Flare	
			Cover and Closed Vent = The cover and closed vent system are not operated such that the tank is maintained at a pressure less than atmospheric pressure and meets the conditions of $40 \text{ CFR } \S 61.343(a)(1)(i)(C)(1) - (3)$ .	
			Closed Vent System and Control Device AMOC = Not using an alternate means of compliance	
			Alternative Means of Compliance = Not using an alternate means of compliance to meet the requirements of 40 CFR § 61.343 for tanks.	
11TFX019	30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of	R5112-4	Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.	
	VOCs		Tank Description = Tank does not require emission controls	
			True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is less than 1.0 psia	
			Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate	
			Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 40,000 gallons	
11TFX019	40 CFR Part 61, Subpart FF	61FF-2	Bypass Line = The closed vent system does not contain any by-pass line that could divert the vent stream away from the control device.	
			Tank Control Requirements = The tank has a fixed roof and closed vent system routing vapors to either a fuel gas system or control device.	
			Waste Treatment Tank = The tank manages, treats or stores a waste stream subject to 40 CFR Part 61, Subpart FF.	
			Alternative Standard for Tanks = The tank is not complying with the alternative standards in 40 CFR § 61.351.	
			Fuel Gas System = Gaseous emissions from the tank or enclosure are not routed to a fuel gas system.	
			Control Device Type/Operations = Flare	
			Cover and Closed Vent = The cover and closed vent system are not operated such that the tank is maintained at a pressure less than atmospheric pressure and meets the conditions of 40 CFR § 61.343(a)(1)(i)(C)(1) - (3).	
			Closed Vent System and Control Device AMOC = Not using an alternate means of compliance	
			Alternative Means of Compliance = Not using an alternate means of compliance to meet the requirements of 40 CFR § 61.343 for tanks.	
11TFX049	30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of	R5112-2	Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.	
	VOCs		Tank Description = Tank using a vapor recovery system (VRS)	
			True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is greater than or equal to 1.5 psia	
			Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate	
			Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 25,000 gallons but less than or equal to 40,000 gallons	
			Control Device Type = Flare	

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*	Changes and Exceptions to DSS**
11TFX049	40 CFR Part 61, Subpart FF	61FF-2	Bypass Line = The closed vent system does not contain any by-pass line that could divert the vent stream away from the control device.	
			Tank Control Requirements = The tank has a fixed roof and closed vent system routing vapors to either a fuel gas system or control device.	
			Waste Treatment Tank = The tank manages, treats or stores a waste stream subject to 40 CFR Part 61, Subpart FF.	
			Alternative Standard for Tanks = The tank is not complying with the alternative standards in 40 CFR § 61.351.	
			Fuel Gas System = Gaseous emissions from the tank or enclosure are not routed to a fuel gas system.	
			Control Device Type/Operations = Flare	
			Cover and Closed Vent = The cover and closed vent system are not operated such that the tank is maintained at a pressure less than atmospheric pressure and meets the conditions of $40 \text{ CFR} \S 61.343(a)(1)(i)(C)(1) - (3)$ .	
			Closed Vent System and Control Device AMOC = Not using an alternate means of compliance	
			Alternative Means of Compliance = Not using an alternate means of compliance to meet the requirements of 40 CFR § 61.343 for tanks.	
11TFX050	30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of	5, Storage of conti	Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.	
	VOCs		Tank Description = Tank does not require emission controls	
			True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is less than 1.0 psia	
			Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate	
			Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 40,000 gallons	
11TFX067	30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of	R5112-5	Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.	
	VOCs		Tank Description = Tank using a vapor recovery system (VRS)	
			True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is greater than or equal to 1.5 psia	
			Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate	
			Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 1,000 gallons but less than or equal to 25,000 gallons	
			Control Device Type = Flare	
11TFX067	40 CFR Part 60,	60KB-1	Product Stored = Waste mixture of indeterminate or variable composition	
	Subpart Kb		Storage Capacity = Capacity is less than 10,600 gallons (40,000 liters)	
11TFX067	40 CFR Part 61, Subpart FF	61FF-2	Bypass Line = The closed vent system does not contain any by-pass line that could divert the vent stream away from the control device.	
			Tank Control Requirements = The tank has a fixed roof and closed vent system routing vapors to either a fuel gas system or control device.	
			Waste Treatment Tank = The tank manages, treats or stores a waste stream subject to 40 CFR Part 61, Subpart FF.	

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*	Changes and Exceptions to DSS**
			Alternative Standard for Tanks = The tank is not complying with the alternative standards in 40 CFR § 61.351.	
			Fuel Gas System = Gaseous emissions from the tank or enclosure are not routed to a fuel gas system.	
			Control Device Type/Operations = Flare	
			Cover and Closed Vent = The cover and closed vent system are not operated such that the tank is maintained at a pressure less than atmospheric pressure and meets the conditions of 40 CFR § 61.343(a)(1)(i)(C)(1) - (3).	
			Closed Vent System and Control Device AMOC = Not using an alternate means of compliance	
			Alternative Means of Compliance = Not using an alternate means of compliance to meet the requirements of 40 CFR § 61.343 for tanks.	
11TFX078	30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of	R5112-4	Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.	
	VOCs		Tank Description = Tank does not require emission controls	
			True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is less than 1.0 psia	
			Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate	
			Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 40,000 gallons	
11TFX078	40 CFR Part 60,	60KB-1	Product Stored = Waste mixture of indeterminate or variable composition	
	Subpart Kb		Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than or equal to 39,900 gallons (151,000 liters)	
			Maximum True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is less than 0.5 psia	
11TFX078	40 CFR Part 61, Subpart FF	61FF-2	Bypass Line = The closed vent system does not contain any by-pass line that could divert the vent stream away from the control device.	
			Tank Control Requirements = The tank has a fixed roof and closed vent system routing vapors to either a fuel gas system or control device.	
			Waste Treatment Tank = The tank manages, treats or stores a waste stream subject to 40 CFR Part 61, Subpart FF.	
			Alternative Standard for Tanks = The tank is not complying with the alternative standards in 40 CFR § 61.351.	
			Fuel Gas System = Gaseous emissions from the tank or enclosure are not routed to a fuel gas system.	
			Control Device Type/Operations = Flare	
			Cover and Closed Vent = The cover and closed vent system are not operated such that the tank is maintained at a pressure less than atmospheric pressure and meets the conditions of 40 CFR § 61.343(a)(1)(i)(C)(1) - (3).	
			Closed Vent System and Control Device AMOC = Not using an alternate means of compliance	
			Alternative Means of Compliance = Not using an alternate means of compliance to meet the requirements of 40 CFR § 61.343 for tanks.	

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*	Changes and Exceptions to DSS**
11TFX082	30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of VOCs	R5112-2	Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.  Tank Description = Tank using a vapor recovery system (VRS)  True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is greater than or equal to 1.5 psia  Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate  Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 40,000 gallons  Control Device Type = Flare	
11TFX082	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Kb	63KB-1	Product Stored = Volatile organic liquid  Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than or equal to 39,900 gallons (151,000 liters)  Maximum True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is greater than or equal to 0.75 psia but less than 11.1 psia  Storage Vessel Description = Closed vent system (CVS) with a flare used as the control device (fixed roof)	
11TFX083	30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of VOCs	R5112-5	Today's Date = Today's date is March 1, 2013 or later.  Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.  Tank Description = Tank using a vapor recovery system (VRS)  True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is greater than or equal to 1.5 psia  Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate  Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 1,000 gallons but less than or equal to 25,000 gallons  Control Device Type = Flare	
11TFX083	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Kb	60KB-2	Product Stored = Volatile organic liquid Storage Capacity = Capacity is less than 10,600 gallons (40,000 liters)	
11TFX083	40 CFR Part 61, Subpart FF	61FF-1	Bypass Line = The closed vent system contains any by-pass line that could divert the vent stream away from the control device.  Tank Control Requirements = The tank has a fixed roof and closed vent system routing vapors to either a fuel gas system or control device.  Waste Treatment Tank = The tank manages, treats or stores a waste stream subject to 40 CFR Part 61, Subpart FF.  Alternative Standard for Tanks = The tank is not complying with the alternative standards in 40 CFR § 61.351.  Bypass Line Valve = A car-seal or lock and key configuration are used to secure the by-pass line valve in the closed position.  Fuel Gas System = Gaseous emissions from the tank or enclosure are not routed to a fuel gas system.  Control Device Type/Operations = Flare  Cover and Closed Vent = The cover and closed vent system are not operated such that the tank is	

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*	Changes and Exceptions to DSS**
			maintained at a pressure less than atmospheric pressure and meets the conditions of 40 CFR § 61.343(a)(1)(i)(C)(1) - (3).  Closed Vent System and Control Device AMOC = Not using an alternate means of compliance  Alternative Means of Compliance = Not using an alternate means of compliance to meet the requirements of 40 CFR § 61.343 for tanks.	
11TFX083	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart G	63G-0002	MACT Subpart F/G Applicability = The unit is a Group 2 vessel.  NESHAP Subpart Y Applicability = The unit is not subject to 40 CFR Part 61, Subpart Y.  NSPS Subpart Kb Applicability = The unit is not subject to 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Kb.	
11TFX083	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart G	63G-2	Process Wastewater = The tank receives, manages, or treats process wastewater streams  Wastewater Tank Usage = The wastewater tank is not used for heating wastewater, treating by means of an exothermic reaction, nor are the contents of the tank are sparged.  Wastewater Tank Properties = Volume of the wastewater tank is less than 75m³ and storing liquid with any vapor pressure	
13TFX200	30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of VOCs	R5112-10	Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.  Product Stored = Other than crude oil, condensate, or VOC	
13TFX200	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Kb	60KB-5	Product Stored = Stored product other than volatile organic liquid or petroleum liquid  Storage Capacity = Capacity is less than 10,600 gallons (40,000 liters)	
13TFXDIESEL	30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of VOCs	R5112-9	Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.  Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate  Storage Capacity = Capacity is less than or equal to 1,000 gallons	
13TFXDIESEL	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Kb	60KB-4	Product Stored = Petroleum liquid (other than petroleum or condensate)  Storage Capacity = Capacity is less than 10,600 gallons (40,000 liters)	
13TFXOST70	30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of VOCs	R5112-8	Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.  Tank Description = Tank using a vapor recovery system (VRS)  True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is greater than or equal to 1.5 psia  Product Stored = Crude oil and/or condensate  Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 1,000 gallons but less than or equal to 40,000 gallons  Control Device Type = Flare	
13TFXOST70	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Kb	60KB-2	Product Stored = Volatile organic liquid Storage Capacity = Capacity is less than 10,600 gallons (40,000 liters)	

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*	Changes and Exceptions to DSS**
13TFXOST70	40 CFR Part 61, Subpart FF	61FF-3	Waste Treatment Tank = The tank does not manage, treat or store a waste stream subject to 40 CFR Part 61, Subpart FF.	
13TFXOST71	30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of VOCs	R5112-8	Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.  Tank Description = Tank using a vapor recovery system (VRS)	
			True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is greater than or equal to 1.5 psia  Product Stored = Crude oil and/or condensate  Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 1,000 gallons but less than or equal to 40,000 gallons  Control Device Type = Flare	
13TFXOST71	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Kb	60KB-2	Product Stored = Volatile organic liquid Storage Capacity = Capacity is less than 10,600 gallons (40,000 liters)	
13TFXOST71	40 CFR Part 61, Subpart FF	61FF-3	Waste Treatment Tank = The tank does not manage, treat or store a waste stream subject to 40 CFR Part 61, Subpart FF.	
16TFX521	30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of VOCs	R5112-3	Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.  Tank Description = Tank does not require emission controls  True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is less than 1.0 psia  Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate  Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 1,000 gallons but less than or equal to 25,000 gallons	
16TFX522	30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of VOCs	R5112-3	Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.  Tank Description = Tank does not require emission controls  True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is less than 1.0 psia  Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate  Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 1,000 gallons but less than or equal to 25,000 gallons	
16TFX522	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Kb	60KB-5	Product Stored = Volatile organic liquid Storage Capacity = Capacity is less than 10,600 gallons (40,000 liters)	

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*	Changes and Exceptions to DSS**
GRP04TK001	30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of	R5112-4	Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.	
	VOCs		Tank Description = Tank does not require emission controls	
			True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is less than 1.0 psia	
			Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate	
			Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 40,000 gallons	
GRP04TK002	30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of	R5112-4	Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.	
	VOCs		Tank Description = Tank does not require emission controls	
			True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is less than 1.0 psia	
			Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate	
			Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 40,000 gallons	
GRP04TK003	30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of	15, Storage of	Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.	
	VOCs		Tank Description = Tank does not require emission controls	
			True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is less than 1.0 psia	
			Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate	
			Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 25,000 gallons but less than or equal to 40,000 gallons	
GRP04TK004	30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of	R5112-3	Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.	
	VOCs		Tank Description = Tank does not require emission controls	
			True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is less than 1.0 psia	
			Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate	
			Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 1,000 gallons but less than or equal to 25,000 gallons	
GRP04TK005	30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of	R5112-6	Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.	
	VOCs		Tank Description = Tank does not require emission controls	
			True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is less than 1.0 psia	
			Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate	
			Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 25,000 gallons but less than or equal to 40,000 gallons	
GRP04TK005	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Kb	60Kb-1	Product Stored = Stored product other than volatile organic liquid or petroleum liquid	

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*	Changes and Exceptions to DSS**
GRP04TK006	30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of VOCs	R5112-7	Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.  Tank Description = Tank does not require emission controls  True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is greater than or equal to 1.0 psia but less than 1.5 psia  Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate  Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 1,000 gallons but less than or equal to 25,000 gallons	
GRP04TK006	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Kb	60Kb-01	Product Stored = Stored product other than volatile organic liquid or petroleum liquid	
GRP08TK001	30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of VOCs	R5112-4	Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.  Tank Description = Tank does not require emission controls  True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is less than 1.0 psia  Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate  Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 40,000 gallons	
GRP08TK001	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Kb	R60KB	Product Stored = Volatile organic liquid Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than or equal to 39,900 gallons (151,000 liters) Maximum True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is less than 0.5 psia	
04LRC006	30 TAC Chapter 115, Loading and Unloading of VOC	R5211-1	Chapter 115 Facility Type = Facility type other than a gasoline terminal, gasoline bulk plant, motor vehicle fuel dispensing facility or marine terminal.  Alternate Control Requirement (ACR) = No alternate control requirements are being utilized.  Product Transferred = Volatile organic compounds other than liquefied petroleum gas, crude oil, condensate and gasoline.  Transfer Type = Loading and unloading.  True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is less than 1.5 psia.	
04LTR018	30 TAC Chapter 115, Loading and Unloading of VOC	R5211-1	Chapter 115 Facility Type = Facility type other than a gasoline terminal, gasoline bulk plant, motor vehicle fuel dispensing facility or marine terminal.  Alternate Control Requirement (ACR) = No alternate control requirements are being utilized.  Product Transferred = Volatile organic compounds other than liquefied petroleum gas, crude oil, condensate and gasoline.  Transfer Type = Loading and unloading.  True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is less than 1.5 psia.	
04LTR018	30 TAC Chapter 115, Loading and Unloading of VOC	R5211-2	Chapter 115 Facility Type = Facility type other than a gasoline terminal, gasoline bulk plant, motor vehicle fuel dispensing facility or marine terminal.  Alternate Control Requirement (ACR) = No alternate control requirements are being utilized.	

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*	Changes and Exceptions to DSS**
			Product Transferred = Volatile organic compounds other than liquefied petroleum gas, crude oil, condensate and gasoline.	
			Transfer Type = Only loading.	
			True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is greater than or equal to 1.5 psia.	
			Daily Throughput = Loading less than 20,000 gallons per day.	
04LTR018	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart FFFF	63FFFF	Emission Standard = None of the above standards apply.	
11LTR067A	30 TAC Chapter	R5211-2	Chapter 115 Control Device Type = Vapor control system with a flare.	
	115, Loading and Unloading of VOC		Chapter 115 Facility Type = Facility type other than a gasoline terminal, gasoline bulk plant, motor vehicle fuel dispensing facility or marine terminal.	
			Alternate Control Requirement (ACR) = No alternate control requirements are being utilized.	
			Vapor Tight = All liquid and vapor lines are equipped with fittings which make vapor-tight connections that close automatically when disconnected.	
			Product Transferred = Volatile organic compounds other than liquefied petroleum gas, crude oil, condensate and gasoline.	
			Transfer Type = Only loading.	
			True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is greater than or equal to 1.5 psia.	
			Daily Throughput = Loading less than 20,000 gallons per day.	
			Control Options = Vapor control system that maintains a control efficiency of at least 90%.	
11LTR067A	40 CFR Part 61, Subpart BB	61BB-1	Negative Applicability = The loading rack loads only benzene-laden waste, gasoline, crude oil, natural gas liquids, petroleum distillates or benzene-laden liquid from a coke by-product plant.	
11LTR067AF	30 TAC Chapter 115, Loading and	R5211-3	Chapter 115 Facility Type = Facility type other than a gasoline terminal, gasoline bulk plant, motor vehicle fuel dispensing facility or marine terminal.	
	Unloading of VOC		Alternate Control Requirement (ACR) = No alternate control requirements are being utilized.	
			Product Transferred = Volatile organic compounds other than liquefied petroleum gas, crude oil, condensate and gasoline.	
			Transfer Type = Only loading.	
			True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is less than 1.5 psia.	
11LTR067AF	40 CFR Part 63,	63G-3	Transfer Rack Type = Group 2 transfer rack (as defined in 40 CFR § 63.111).	
	Subpart G		Subject to Subpart BB = The transfer rack is not subject to 40 CFR Part 61, Subpart BB.	
11LTR078A	30 TAC Chapter 115, Loading and	R5211-3	Chapter 115 Facility Type = Facility type other than a gasoline terminal, gasoline bulk plant, motor vehicle fuel dispensing facility or marine terminal.	
	Unloading of VOC		Alternate Control Requirement (ACR) = No alternate control requirements are being utilized.	
			Product Transferred = Volatile organic compounds other than liquefied petroleum gas, crude oil, condensate and gasoline.	

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*	Changes and Exceptions to DSS**
			Transfer Type = Only loading.  True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is less than 1.5 psia.	
11LTR078A	40 CFR Part 61, Subpart BB	61BB-1	Negative Applicability = The loading rack loads only benzene-laden waste, gasoline, crude oil, natural gas liquids, petroleum distillates or benzene-laden liquid from a coke by-product plant.	
13LTROST	30 TAC Chapter 115, Loading and Unloading of VOC	R5211-4	Chapter 115 Facility Type = Facility type other than a gasoline terminal, gasoline bulk plant, motor vehicle fuel dispensing facility or marine terminal.  Alternate Control Requirement (ACR) = No alternate control requirements are being utilized.  Product Transferred = Liquefied petroleum gas (LPG), crude oil, or condensate.  Transfer Type = Only loading.	
16STK001	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart DDDDD	63DDDD	CONSTRUCTION/RECONSTRUCTION DATE = Construction or reconstruction began on or before June 4, 2010.  ANNUAL CAPACITY FACTOR = FEDERALLY ENFORCEABLE ANNUAL CAPACITY FACTOR OF 10% OR LESS  FUEL TYPE = NATURAL GAS  HEAT INPUT CAPACITY = RATED HEAT INPUT CAPACITY OF GREATER THAN 10 MMBTU/HR  BUT LESS THAN 100 MMBTU/HR	
04FLR032	30 TAC Chapter 111, Visible Emissions	R5111-1	Acid Gases Only = Flare is not used only as an acid gas flare as defined in 30 TAC § 101.1.  Emergency/Upset Conditions Only = Flare is used under conditions other than emergency or upset conditions.  Alternate Opacity Limitation = Not complying with an alternate opacity limit under 30 TAC § 111.113.	
04FLR032	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart A	60A-1	Subject to 40 CFR § 60.18 = Flare is subject to 40 CFR § 60.18.  Adhering to Heat Content Specifications = Adhering to the heat content specifications in 40 CFR § 60.18(c)(3)(ii) and the maximum tip velocity specifications in 40 CFR § 60.18(c)(4).  Flare Assist Type = Non-assisted  Flare Exit Velocity = Flare exit velocity is less than 60 ft/s (18.3 m/sec)	
04FLR032	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart A	63A-1	Required Under 40 CFR Part 63 = Flare is required by a Subpart under 40 CFR Part 63.  Heat Content Specification = Adhering to the heat content specifications in 40 CFR § 63.11(b)(6)(ii) and the maximum tip velocity specifications in 40 CFR § 63.11(b)(7) or 40 CFR § 63.11(b)(8).  Flare Assist Type = Non-assisted  Flare Exit Velocity = Flare exit velocity is less than 60 ft/s (18.3 m/sec)	
04FUG	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart FFFF	63FFFF-2	Existing Source = Fugitive unit contains equipment in an existing Miscellaneous Chemical Processing Unit.	

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*	Changes and Exceptions to DSS**
04CWA035	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart FFFF	63FFFF-6	Monitoring = The cooling water is being monitored for the presence of HAPs or other representative substances that would indicate a leak.	
GRP08CT002	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart Q	R63Q	Used Compounds Containing Chromium on or After September 8, 1994 = The industrial process cooling tower has not used compounds containing chromium on or after September 8, 1994.  Initial Start-up Date = On or after September 8, 1994.	
04SEP001	30 TAC Chapter 115, Water Separation	R5131-1	Alternate Control Requirement = The executive director (or the EPA Administrator) has not approved an ACR or exemption criteria in accordance with 30 TAC § 115.910.  Exemption = Any single or multiple compartment VOC water separator which separates materials having a TVP less than 1.5 psia (10.3 kPa) obtained from any equipment.	
11PRC066	30 TAC Chapter 115, Water Separation	R5131-2	Alternate Control Requirement = The executive director (or the EPA Administrator) has not approved an ACR or exemption criteria in accordance with 30 TAC § 115.910.  Exemption = Water separator does not qualify for exemption.  Emission Control Option = Vapor recovery system which satisfies the provisions of 30 TAC § 115.131.  Control Device = Control device or vapor recovery system other than a chiller, carbon adsorber, or incinerator.	
11PRC066	40 CFR Part 61, Subpart FF	61FF-3	Alternate Means of Compliance = NO  By-Pass Line = THE CLOSED VENT SYSTEM HAS NO BY-PASS LINE  Alternative Standards for Oil-Water Separator = NO  Control Device Type/Operation = FLARE  Fuel Gas System = EMISSIONS ARE ROUTED TO A CONTROL DEVICE  Cover and Closed Vent = CLOSED VENT SYSTEM IS OPERATED SUCH THAT THE OIL-WATER SEPARATOR IS MAINTAINED AT NON-NEGATIVE PRESSURE (GREATER THAN ATMOSPHERIC)  Close Vent System and Control Device AMOC = COMPLYING WITH THE REQUIREMENTS OF § 61.349	
11TFX082	40 CFR Part 61, Subpart FF	61FF-3	Alternate Means of Compliance = NO  By-Pass Line = THE CLOSED VENT SYSTEM HAS A BY-PASS LINE THAT COULD DIVERT THE STREAM AWAY FROM THE CONTROL DEVICE  By-Pass Line Valve = A CAR-SEAL OR LOCK AND KEY CONFIGURATION IS USED TO SECURE THE BY-PASS LINE VALVE IN THE CLOSED POSITION  Alternative Standards for Oil-Water Separator = NO  Control Device Type/Operation = FLARE  Floating Roof = NO FLOATING ROOF  Floating Roof Portion Feasibility = OIL-WATER SEPARATOR IS COVERED COMPLETEY BY A FLOATING ROOF  Fuel Gas System = EMISSIONS ARE ROUTED TO A CONTROL DEVICE  Cover and Closed Vent = CLOSED VENT SYSTEM IS OPERATED SUCH THAT THE OIL-WATER	

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*	Changes and Exceptions to DSS**
			SEPARATOR IS MAINTAINED AT NON-NEGATIVE PRESSURE (GREATER THAN ATMOSPHERIC)	
			Close Vent System and Control Device AMOC = COMPLYING WITH THE REQUIREMENTS OF § 61.349	
11TFX082	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart G	63G-4	Alternate Monitoring Parameters: = COMPLYING WITH THE MONITORING REQUIREMENTS OF SUBPART G	
			Negative Pressure = FIXED ROOF AND CLOSED-VENT SYSTEM ARE NOT OPERATED AND MAINTAINED UNDER NEGATIVE PRESSURE	
			Process Wastewater = OIL-WATER SEPARATOR RECEIVES, MANAGES, OR TREATS PROCESS WASTEWATER STREAMS AS DEFINED IN TITLE 40 CFR PART 63, SUBPART F	
			Closed Vent System = CLOSED VENT SYSTEM IS SUBJECT TO AND COMPLYING WITH § 63.148	
			New Source = FACILITY IS A EXISTING SOURCE AS DEFINED IN MACT G	
			Bypass Lines = NO BYPASS LINE	
			Control Requirement = CLOSED VENT SYSTEM THAT ROUTES VAPORS TO A CONTROL DEVICE THAT MEETS THE REQUIREMENTS OF 40 CFR § 63.139(C)	
			Combination of Control Devices = VENT STREAM IS NOT TREATED USING A COMBINATION OF CONTROL DEVICES	
			Oil-Water Separator Type = FIXED ROOF AND A CLOSED-VENT SYSTEM THAT ROUTES THE ORGANIC HAZARDOUS AIR POLLUTANT VAPORS VENTED FROM THE OIL-WATER SEPARATOR TO A CONTROL DEVICE	
			Control Device Type = FLARE	
			Floating Roof Alternate Monitoring Parameters = FLOATING ROOF ALTERNATE MONITORING PARAMETERS ARE NOT APPROVED OR ARE NOT REQUESTED	
			Monitoring Options = CONTROL DEVICE IS USING THE MONITORING PARAMETERS SPECIFIED IN TABLE 13	
04DIS501	30 TAC Chapter 111, Visible	R1111-1	Alternate Opacity Limitation = Not complying with an alternate opacity limit under 30 TAC § 111.113.	
	Emissions		Vent Source = The source of the vent is from colorless VOCs, non-fuming liquids, or other sources that are not capable of producing visible emissions. Periodic monitoring to demonstrate compliance is not required.	
			Opacity Monitoring System = Optical instrument capable of measuring the opacity of emissions is not installed in the vent or optical instrumentation does not meet the requirements of § 111.111(a)(1)(D), or the vent stream does not qualify for the exemption in § 111.111(a)(3).	
			Construction Date = After January 31, 1972	
			Effluent Flow Rate = Effluent flow rate is less than 100,000 actual cubic feet per minute.	
04DIS501	30 TAC Chapter	R5121-1	Alternate Control Requirement = Alternate control is not used.	
	115, Vent Gas Controls		Chapter 115 Division = The vent stream does not originate from a source for which another Division in 30 TAC Chapter 115 establishes a control requirement, emission specification, or exemption for that source.	
			Combustion Exhaust = The vent stream is not from a combustion unit exhaust or the combustion unit is used as a control device for a vent stream originating from a noncombustion source subject to 30 TAC Chapter 115, Subchapter B, Division 2.	

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*	Changes and Exceptions to DSS**
			Control Device Type = Smokeless flare	
			Vent Type = Vent gas stream emissions of the specified classes of VOCs including aldehydes, alcohols, aromatics, ethers, olefins, peroxides, amines, acids, esters, ketones, sulfides, and branched chain hydrocarbons (C8 and above).	
			Combined 24-Hour VOC Weight = Combined VOC weight is greater than 100 pounds (45.4 kg).	
			VOC Concentration = VOC concentration is greater than or equal to 30,000 ppmv.	
04DIS501	40 CFR Part 63,	63FFFF-1	Designated Grp1 = The emission stream is designated as Group 1.	
	Subpart FFFF		Emission Standard = The TRE index is not maintained above the threshold (5.0 for a new source and 1.9 for an existing source) and a flare is being used for control.	
			Designated Hal = The emission stream is not designated as halogenated.	
			Determined Hal = The emission stream is determined to be non-halogenated.	
			Prior Eval = The data from a prior evaluation or assessment is not used.	
			Assessment Waiver = The Administrator has granted a waiver of compliance assessment.	
			Negative Pressure = The closed vent system is operated and maintained at or above atmospheric pressure.	
			Bypass Line = Bypass line valves are secured in the closed position with a car-seal or lock-and-key configuration.	
04DIS506	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart FFFF		Designated Grp1 = The emission stream is designated as Group 1.	
	Subpartifi		Emission Standard = The TRE index is not maintained above the threshold (5.0 for a new source and 1.9 for an existing source) and a flare is being used for control.	
			Designated Hal = The emission stream is not designated as halogenated.	
			Determined Hal = The emission stream is determined to be non-halogenated.	
			Prior Eval = The data from a prior evaluation or assessment is used.	
			Negative Pressure = The closed vent system is operated and maintained at or above atmospheric pressure.	
			Bypass Line = No bypass lines.	
04DIS510	30 TAC Chapter	R1111-1	Alternate Opacity Limitation = Not complying with an alternate opacity limit under 30 TAC § 111.113.	
	111, Visible Emissions		Vent Source = The source of the vent is from colorless VOCs, non-fuming liquids, or other sources that are not capable of producing visible emissions. Periodic monitoring to demonstrate compliance is not required.	
			Opacity Monitoring System = Optical instrument capable of measuring the opacity of emissions is not installed in the vent or optical instrumentation does not meet the requirements of § 111.111(a)(1)(D), or the vent stream does not qualify for the exemption in § 111.111(a)(3).	
			Construction Date = After January 31, 1972	
			Effluent Flow Rate = Effluent flow rate is less than 100,000 actual cubic feet per minute.	
04DIS510	30 TAC Chapter	R5121-2	Alternate Control Requirement = Alternate control is not used.	
	115, Vent Gas		Chapter 115 Division = The vent stream does not originate from a source for which another Division in	

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*	Changes and Exceptions to DSS**
	Controls		30 TAC Chapter 115 establishes a control requirement, emission specification, or exemption for that source.	
			Combustion Exhaust = The vent stream is not from a combustion unit exhaust or the combustion unit is used as a control device for a vent stream originating from a noncombustion source subject to 30 TAC Chapter 115, Subchapter B, Division 2.	
			Vent Type = Vent gas stream emissions of the specified classes of VOCs including aldehydes, alcohols, aromatics, ethers, olefins, peroxides, amines, acids, esters, ketones, sulfides, and branched chain hydrocarbons (C8 and above).	
			Combined 24-Hour VOC Weight = Combined VOC weight is less than or equal to 100 pounds (45.4 kg).	
			VOC Concentration = VOC concentration is less than 30,000 ppmv.	
			VOC Concentration/Emission Rate @ Max Operating Conditions = The VOC concentration or emission rate is less than the applicable exemption limit at maximum actual operating conditions and the alternate recordkeeping requirements of 30 TAC § 115.126(4) are being selected.	
04DIS510	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart FFFF	63FFFF-2	Emission Standard = The vent stream is Group 2 (not designated as Group 1 and determined to not be Group 1).	
			Recovery Device = The TRE index is maintained without a recovery device.	
04DIS550	30 TAC Chapter	R5121-1	Alternate Control Requirement = Alternate control is not used.	
	115, Vent Gas Controls	trols  Chapter 115 Division = The vent stream does not originate from a source for which another Division if 30 TAC Chapter 115 establishes a control requirement, emission specification, or exemption for that source.  Combustion Exhaust = The vent stream is not from a combustion unit exhaust or the combustion unit		
			Combustion Exhaust = The vent stream is not from a combustion unit exhaust or the combustion unit is used as a control device for a vent stream originating from a noncombustion source subject to 30 TAC Chapter 115, Subchapter B, Division 2.	
			Vent Type = Vent gas stream emissions of the specified classes of VOCs including aldehydes, alcohols, aromatics, ethers, olefins, peroxides, amines, acids, esters, ketones, sulfides, and branched chain hydrocarbons (C8 and above).	
			Combined 24-Hour VOC Weight = Combined VOC weight is greater than 100 pounds (45.4 kg).	
			VOC Concentration = VOC concentration is greater than or equal to 30,000 ppmv.	
04DIS550	40 CFR Part 63,	63FFFF-3	Designated Grp1 = The emission stream is designated as Group 1.	
	Subpart FFFF		Emission Standard = The TRE index is not maintained above the threshold (5.0 for a new source and 1.9 for an existing source) and a flare is being used for control.	
			Designated Hal = The emission stream is not designated as halogenated.	
			Determined Hal = The emission stream is determined to be non-halogenated.	
			Prior Eval = The data from a prior evaluation or assessment is used.	
			Negative Pressure = The closed vent system is operated and maintained at or above atmospheric pressure.	
			Bypass Line = No bypass lines.	

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*	Changes and Exceptions to DSS**
04DIS551	30 TAC Chapter 115, Vent Gas Controls	R5121-3	Chapter 115 Division = The vent stream does not originate from a source for which another Division in 30 TAC Chapter 115 establishes a control requirement, emission specification, or exemption for that source.	
			Combustion Exhaust = The vent stream is not from a combustion unit exhaust or the combustion unit is used as a control device for a vent stream originating from a noncombustion source subject to 30 TAC Chapter 115, Subchapter B, Division 2.	
			Vent Type = Vent gas stream emissions of the specified classes of VOCs including aldehydes, alcohols, aromatics, ethers, olefins, peroxides, amines, acids, esters, ketones, sulfides, and branched chain hydrocarbons (C8 and above).	
			Combined 24-Hour VOC Weight = Combined VOC weight is less than or equal to 100 pounds (45.4 kg).	
			VOC Concentration = VOC concentration is greater than or equal to 30,000 ppmv.	
			VOC Concentration/Emission Rate @ Max Operating Conditions = The VOC concentration or emission rate is less than the applicable exemption limit at maximum actual operating conditions and the alternate recordkeeping requirements of 30 TAC § 115.126(4) are being selected.	
04DIS551	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart FFFF	63FFFF-2	Emission Standard = The vent stream is Group 2 (not designated as Group 1 and determined to not be Group 1).	
			Recovery Device = The TRE index is maintained without a recovery device.	
04DIS552	30 TAC Chapter 115, Vent Gas Controls	er R5121-3	Chapter 115 Division = The vent stream does not originate from a source for which another Division in 30 TAC Chapter 115 establishes a control requirement, emission specification, or exemption for that source.	
			Combustion Exhaust = The vent stream is not from a combustion unit exhaust or the combustion unit is used as a control device for a vent stream originating from a noncombustion source subject to 30 TAC Chapter 115, Subchapter B, Division 2.	
			Vent Type = Vent gas stream emissions of the specified classes of VOCs including aldehydes, alcohols, aromatics, ethers, olefins, peroxides, amines, acids, esters, ketones, sulfides, and branched chain hydrocarbons (C8 and above).	
			Combined 24-Hour VOC Weight = Combined VOC weight is less than or equal to 100 pounds (45.4 kg).	
			VOC Concentration = VOC concentration is greater than or equal to 30,000 ppmv.	
			VOC Concentration/Emission Rate @ Max Operating Conditions = The VOC concentration or emission rate is less than the applicable exemption limit at maximum actual operating conditions and the alternate recordkeeping requirements of 30 TAC § 115.126(4) are being selected.	
04DPT001PV	30 TAC Chapter 115, Vent Gas Controls	s, Vent Gas	Alternate Control Requirement = Alternate control is not used.	
			Control Device Type = Smokeless flare	
			Vent Type = Vent gas stream emissions of the specified classes of VOCs including aldehydes, alcohols, aromatics, ethers, olefins, peroxides, amines, acids, esters, ketones, sulfides, and branched chain hydrocarbons (C8 and above).	
			Combined 24-Hour VOC Weight = Combined VOC weight is greater than 100 pounds (45.4 kg).	
			VOC Concentration = VOC concentration is greater than or equal to 30,000 ppmv.	

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*	Changes and Exceptions to DSS**
04LBA006A	30 TAC Chapter	R1111-1	Alternate Opacity Limitation = Not complying with an alternate opacity limit under 30 TAC § 111.113.	
	111, Visible Emissions		Vent Source = The source of the vent is from colorless VOCs, non-fuming liquids, or other sources that are not capable of producing visible emissions. Periodic monitoring to demonstrate compliance is not required.	
			Opacity Monitoring System = Optical instrument capable of measuring the opacity of emissions is not installed in the vent or optical instrumentation does not meet the requirements of § 111.111(a)(1)(D), or the vent stream does not qualify for the exemption in § 111.111(a)(3).	
			Construction Date = On or before January 31, 1972	
			Effluent Flow Rate = Effluent flow rate is less than 100,000 actual cubic feet per minute.	
04LRC006	30 TAC Chapter	R1111-1	Alternate Opacity Limitation = Not complying with an alternate opacity limit under 30 TAC § 111.113.	
	111, Visible Emissions		Vent Source = The source of the vent is from colorless VOCs, non-fuming liquids, or other sources that are not capable of producing visible emissions. Periodic monitoring to demonstrate compliance is not required.	
			Opacity Monitoring System = Optical instrument capable of measuring the opacity of emissions is not installed in the vent or optical instrumentation does not meet the requirements of § 111.111(a)(1)(D), or the vent stream does not qualify for the exemption in § 111.111(a)(3).	
			Construction Date = On or before January 31, 1972	
			Effluent Flow Rate = Effluent flow rate is less than 100,000 actual cubic feet per minute.	
04RSY600	30 TAC Chapter 115, Vent Gas Controls	Vent Gas	Chapter 115 Division = The vent stream does not originate from a source for which another Division in 30 TAC Chapter 115 establishes a control requirement, emission specification, or exemption for that source.	
			Vent Type = Vent gas stream emissions of the specified classes of VOCs including aldehydes, alcohols, aromatics, ethers, olefins, peroxides, amines, acids, esters, ketones, sulfides, and branched chain hydrocarbons (C8 and above).	
			Combined 24-Hour VOC Weight = Combined VOC weight is less than or equal to 100 pounds (45.4 kg).	
			VOC Concentration = VOC concentration is greater than or equal to 30,000 ppmv.	
			VOC Concentration/Emission Rate @ Max Operating Conditions = The VOC concentration or emission rate is less than the applicable exemption limit at maximum actual operating conditions and the alternate recordkeeping requirements of 30 TAC § 115.126(4) are being selected.	
04SEP001	30 TAC Chapter 111, Visible Emissions		Alternate Opacity Limitation = Not complying with an alternate opacity limit under 30 TAC § 111.113.	
			Vent Source = The source of the vent is from colorless VOCs, non-fuming liquids, or other sources that are not capable of producing visible emissions. Periodic monitoring to demonstrate compliance is not required.	
			Opacity Monitoring System = Optical instrument capable of measuring the opacity of emissions is not installed in the vent or optical instrumentation does not meet the requirements of § 111.111(a)(1)(D), or the vent stream does not qualify for the exemption in § 111.111(a)(3).	
			Construction Date = On or before January 31, 1972	
			Effluent Flow Rate = Effluent flow rate is less than 100,000 actual cubic feet per minute.	

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*	Changes and Exceptions to DSS**
04TFX031	30 TAC Chapter 115, Vent Gas Controls	R5121-4	Chapter 115 Division = The vent stream does not originate from a source for which another Division in 30 TAC Chapter 115 establishes a control requirement, emission specification, or exemption for that source.	
			Combustion Exhaust = The vent stream is not from a combustion unit exhaust or the combustion unit is used as a control device for a vent stream originating from a noncombustion source subject to 30 TAC Chapter 115, Subchapter B, Division 2.	
			Vent Type = Vent gas stream emissions of the specified classes of VOCs including aldehydes, alcohols, aromatics, ethers, olefins, peroxides, amines, acids, esters, ketones, sulfides, and branched chain hydrocarbons (C8 and above).	
			Combined 24-Hour VOC Weight = Combined VOC weight is less than or equal to 100 pounds (45.4 kg).	
			VOC Concentration = VOC concentration is less than 30,000 ppmv.	
			VOC Concentration/Emission Rate @ Max Operating Conditions = The VOC concentration or emission rate is less than the applicable exemption limit at maximum actual operating conditions and the alternate recordkeeping requirements of 30 TAC § 115.126(4) are being selected.	
04TFX506	30 TAC Chapter 111, Visible Emissions	Poter R1111-1	Alternate Opacity Limitation = Not complying with an alternate opacity limit under 30 TAC § 111.113.  Vent Source = The source of the vent is from colorless VOCs, non-fuming liquids, or other sources that are not capable of producing visible emissions. Periodic monitoring to demonstrate compliance is not	
			required.  Opacity Monitoring System = Optical instrument capable of measuring the opacity of emissions is not installed in the vent or optical instrumentation does not meet the requirements of § 111.111(a)(1)(D), or the vent stream does not qualify for the exemption in § 111.111(a)(3).	
			Construction Date = On or before January 31, 1972	
			Effluent Flow Rate = Effluent flow rate is less than 100,000 actual cubic feet per minute.	
04TFX508	30 TAC Chapter 111, Visible Emissions	er R1111-1	Alternate Opacity Limitation = Not complying with an alternate opacity limit under 30 TAC § 111.113.	
			Vent Source = The source of the vent is from colorless VOCs, non-fuming liquids, or other sources that are not capable of producing visible emissions. Periodic monitoring to demonstrate compliance is not required.	
			Opacity Monitoring System = Optical instrument capable of measuring the opacity of emissions is not installed in the vent or optical instrumentation does not meet the requirements of § 111.111(a)(1)(D), or the vent stream does not qualify for the exemption in § 111.111(a)(3).	
			Construction Date = On or before January 31, 1972	
			Effluent Flow Rate = Effluent flow rate is less than 100,000 actual cubic feet per minute.	
04VNT007	30 TAC Chapter 111, Visible Emissions	er R1111-1	Alternate Opacity Limitation = Not complying with an alternate opacity limit under 30 TAC § 111.113.	
			Vent Source = The source of the vent is from colorless VOCs, non-fuming liquids, or other sources that are not capable of producing visible emissions. Periodic monitoring to demonstrate compliance is not required.	
			Opacity Monitoring System = Optical instrument capable of measuring the opacity of emissions is not installed in the vent or optical instrumentation does not meet the requirements of § 111.111(a)(1)(D), or the vent stream does not qualify for the exemption in § 111.111(a)(3).	
			Construction Date = On or before January 31, 1972	

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*	Changes and Exceptions to DSS**
			Effluent Flow Rate = Effluent flow rate is less than 100,000 actual cubic feet per minute.	
04VNT007	30 TAC Chapter 115, Vent Gas Controls	R5121-4	Chapter 115 Division = The vent stream does not originate from a source for which another Division in 30 TAC Chapter 115 establishes a control requirement, emission specification, or exemption for that source.	
			Combustion Exhaust = The vent stream is not from a combustion unit exhaust or the combustion unit is used as a control device for a vent stream originating from a noncombustion source subject to 30 TAC Chapter 115, Subchapter B, Division 2.	
			Vent Type = Vent gas stream emissions of the specified classes of VOCs including aldehydes, alcohols, aromatics, ethers, olefins, peroxides, amines, acids, esters, ketones, sulfides, and branched chain hydrocarbons (C8 and above).	
			Combined 24-Hour VOC Weight = Combined VOC weight is less than or equal to 100 pounds (45.4 kg).	
			VOC Concentration = VOC concentration is less than 30,000 ppmv.	
			VOC Concentration/Emission Rate @ Max Operating Conditions = The VOC concentration or emission rate is less than the applicable exemption limit at maximum actual operating conditions and the alternate recordkeeping requirements of 30 TAC § 115.126(4) are being selected.	
04VNT009	30 TAC Chapter	Chapter 115 Division = The vent stream does not originate from a 30 TAC Chapter 115 establishes a control requirement, emission source.  Combustion Exhaust = The vent stream is not from a combustion used as a control device for a vent stream originating from a nonce Chapter 115, Subchapter B, Division 2.  Control Device Type = Smokeless flare  Vent Type = Vent gas stream emissions of the specified classes of alcohols, aromatics, ethers, olefins, peroxides, amines, acids, este chain hydrocarbons (C8 and above).  Combined 24-Hour VOC Weight = Combined VOC weight is greater	Alternate Control Requirement = Alternate control is not used.	
04411000	115, Vent Gas Controls		Chapter 115 Division = The vent stream does not originate from a source for which another Division in 30 TAC Chapter 115 establishes a control requirement, emission specification, or exemption for that	
			Combustion Exhaust = The vent stream is not from a combustion unit exhaust or the combustion unit is used as a control device for a vent stream originating from a noncombustion source subject to 30 TAC Chapter 115, Subchapter B, Division 2.	
			Control Device Type = Smokeless flare	
			Vent Type = Vent gas stream emissions of the specified classes of VOCs including aldehydes, alcohols, aromatics, ethers, olefins, peroxides, amines, acids, esters, ketones, sulfides, and branched chain hydrocarbons (C8 and above).	
			Combined 24-Hour VOC Weight = Combined VOC weight is greater than 100 pounds (45.4 kg).	
			VOC Concentration = VOC concentration is greater than or equal to 30,000 ppmv.	
04VNT009	30 TAC Chapter 115, Vent Gas Controls	5, Vent Gas	Chapter 115 Division = The vent stream does not originate from a source for which another Division in 30 TAC Chapter 115 establishes a control requirement, emission specification, or exemption for that source.	
			Combustion Exhaust = The vent stream is not from a combustion unit exhaust or the combustion unit is used as a control device for a vent stream originating from a noncombustion source subject to 30 TAC Chapter 115, Subchapter B, Division 2.	
			Vent Type = Vent gas stream emissions of the specified classes of VOCs including aldehydes, alcohols, aromatics, ethers, olefins, peroxides, amines, acids, esters, ketones, sulfides, and branched chain hydrocarbons (C8 and above).	
			Combined 24-Hour VOC Weight = Combined VOC weight is less than or equal to 100 pounds (45.4 kg).	
			VOC Concentration = VOC concentration is less than 30,000 ppmv.	

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*	Changes and Exceptions to DSS**
04VNT013	30 TAC Chapter	R1111-1	Alternate Opacity Limitation = Not complying with an alternate opacity limit under 30 TAC § 111.113.	
	111, Visible Emissions		Vent Source = The source of the vent is from colorless VOCs, non-fuming liquids, or other sources that are not capable of producing visible emissions. Periodic monitoring to demonstrate compliance is not required.	
			Opacity Monitoring System = Optical instrument capable of measuring the opacity of emissions is not installed in the vent or optical instrumentation does not meet the requirements of § 111.111(a)(1)(D), or the vent stream does not qualify for the exemption in § 111.111(a)(3).	
			Construction Date = On or before January 31, 1972	
			Effluent Flow Rate = Effluent flow rate is less than 100,000 actual cubic feet per minute.	
04VNT013	30 TAC Chapter 115, Vent Gas Controls		Chapter 115 Division = The vent stream does not originate from a source for which another Division in 30 TAC Chapter 115 establishes a control requirement, emission specification, or exemption for that source.	
			Combustion Exhaust = The vent stream is not from a combustion unit exhaust or the combustion unit is used as a control device for a vent stream originating from a noncombustion source subject to 30 TAC Chapter 115, Subchapter B, Division 2.	
			Vent Type = Vent gas stream emissions of the specified classes of VOCs including aldehydes, alcohols, aromatics, ethers, olefins, peroxides, amines, acids, esters, ketones, sulfides, and branched chain hydrocarbons (C8 and above).	
			Combined 24-Hour VOC Weight = Combined VOC weight is less than or equal to 100 pounds (45.4 kg).	
			VOC Concentration = VOC concentration is less than 30,000 ppmv.	
			VOC Concentration/Emission Rate @ Max Operating Conditions = The VOC concentration or emission rate is less than the applicable exemption limit at maximum actual operating conditions and the alternate recordkeeping requirements of 30 TAC § 115.126(4) are being selected.	
08SMP018	30 TAC Chapter 111, Visible Emissions	Visible <sup>.</sup>	Alternate Opacity Limitation = Not complying with an alternate opacity limit under 30 TAC § 111.113.	
			Vent Source = The source of the vent is from colorless VOCs, non-fuming liquids, or other sources that are not capable of producing visible emissions. Periodic monitoring to demonstrate compliance is not required.	
			Opacity Monitoring System = Optical instrument capable of measuring the opacity of emissions is not installed in the vent or optical instrumentation does not meet the requirements of § 111.111(a)(1)(D), or the vent stream does not qualify for the exemption in § 111.111(a)(3).	
			Construction Date = On or before January 31, 1972	
			Effluent Flow Rate = Effluent flow rate is less than 100,000 actual cubic feet per minute.	
08TNK010	30 TAC Chapter 111, Visible Emissions	Visible	Alternate Opacity Limitation = Not complying with an alternate opacity limit under 30 TAC § 111.113.	
			Vent Source = The source of the vent is from colorless VOCs, non-fuming liquids, or other sources that are not capable of producing visible emissions. Periodic monitoring to demonstrate compliance is not required.	
			Opacity Monitoring System = Optical instrument capable of measuring the opacity of emissions is not installed in the vent or optical instrumentation does not meet the requirements of § 111.111(a)(1)(D), or the vent stream does not qualify for the exemption in § 111.111(a)(3).	
			Construction Date = On or before January 31, 1972	

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*	Changes and Exceptions to DSS**
			Effluent Flow Rate = Effluent flow rate is less than 100,000 actual cubic feet per minute.	
08TNK010	30 TAC Chapter 115, Vent Gas Controls	, Vent Gas	Chapter 115 Division = The vent stream does not originate from a source for which another Division in 30 TAC Chapter 115 establishes a control requirement, emission specification, or exemption for that source.	
			Combustion Exhaust = The vent stream is not from a combustion unit exhaust or the combustion unit is used as a control device for a vent stream originating from a noncombustion source subject to 30 TAC Chapter 115, Subchapter B, Division 2.	
			Vent Type = Vent gas stream emissions of the specified classes of VOCs including aldehydes, alcohols, aromatics, ethers, olefins, peroxides, amines, acids, esters, ketones, sulfides, and branched chain hydrocarbons (C8 and above).	
			Combined 24-Hour VOC Weight = Combined VOC weight is less than or equal to 100 pounds (45.4 kg).	
			VOC Concentration = VOC concentration is less than 30,000 ppmv.	
			VOC Concentration/Emission Rate @ Max Operating Conditions = The VOC concentration or emission rate is less than the applicable exemption limit at maximum actual operating conditions and the alternate recordkeeping requirements of 30 TAC § 115.126(4) are being selected.	
08TNK011	30 TAC Chapter	isible .	Alternate Opacity Limitation = Not complying with an alternate opacity limit under 30 TAC § 111.113.	
oo mixon	111, Visible Emissions		Vent Source = The source of the vent is from colorless VOCs, non-fuming liquids, or other sources that are not capable of producing visible emissions. Periodic monitoring to demonstrate compliance is not required.	
			Opacity Monitoring System = Optical instrument capable of measuring the opacity of emissions is not installed in the vent or optical instrumentation does not meet the requirements of § 111.111(a)(1)(D), or the vent stream does not qualify for the exemption in § 111.111(a)(3).	
			Construction Date = On or before January 31, 1972	
			Effluent Flow Rate = Effluent flow rate is less than 100,000 actual cubic feet per minute.	
08TNK011	30 TAC Chapter 115, Vent Gas Controls	5, Vent Gas	Chapter 115 Division = The vent stream does not originate from a source for which another Division in 30 TAC Chapter 115 establishes a control requirement, emission specification, or exemption for that source.	
			Combustion Exhaust = The vent stream is not from a combustion unit exhaust or the combustion unit is used as a control device for a vent stream originating from a noncombustion source subject to 30 TAC Chapter 115, Subchapter B, Division 2.	
			Vent Type = Vent gas stream emissions of the specified classes of VOCs including aldehydes, alcohols, aromatics, ethers, olefins, peroxides, amines, acids, esters, ketones, sulfides, and branched chain hydrocarbons (C8 and above).	
			Combined 24-Hour VOC Weight = Combined VOC weight is less than or equal to 100 pounds (45.4 kg).	
			VOC Concentration = VOC concentration is less than 30,000 ppmv.	
			VOC Concentration/Emission Rate @ Max Operating Conditions = The VOC concentration or emission rate is less than the applicable exemption limit at maximum actual operating conditions and the alternate recordkeeping requirements of 30 TAC § 115.126(4) are being selected.	

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*	Changes and Exceptions to DSS**
11PRC063PV	30 TAC Chapter	R5121-1	Alternate Control Requirement = Alternate control is not used.	
	115, Vent Gas Controls		Chapter 115 Division = The vent stream does not originate from a source for which another Division in 30 TAC Chapter 115 establishes a control requirement, emission specification, or exemption for that source.	
			Combustion Exhaust = The vent stream is not from a combustion unit exhaust or the combustion unit is used as a control device for a vent stream originating from a noncombustion source subject to 30 TAC Chapter 115, Subchapter B, Division 2.	
			Control Device Type = Smokeless flare	
			Vent Type = Vent gas stream emissions of the specified classes of VOCs including aldehydes, alcohols, aromatics, ethers, olefins, peroxides, amines, acids, esters, ketones, sulfides, and branched chain hydrocarbons (C8 and above).	
			Combined 24-Hour VOC Weight = Combined VOC weight is greater than 100 pounds (45.4 kg).	
			VOC Concentration = VOC concentration is greater than or equal to 30,000 ppmv.	
11TFXTMP	30 TAC Chapter	R1111-1	Alternate Opacity Limitation = Not complying with an alternate opacity limit under 30 TAC § 111.113.	
	111, Visible Emissions		Vent Source = The source of the vent is from colorless VOCs, non-fuming liquids, or other sources that are not capable of producing visible emissions. Periodic monitoring to demonstrate compliance is not required.	
			Opacity Monitoring System = Optical instrument capable of measuring the opacity of emissions is not installed in the vent or optical instrumentation does not meet the requirements of § 111.111(a)(1)(D), or the vent stream does not qualify for the exemption in § 111.111(a)(3).	
			Construction Date = On or before January 31, 1972	
			Effluent Flow Rate = Effluent flow rate is less than 100,000 actual cubic feet per minute.	
13ENG00C	30 TAC Chapter	Visible	Alternate Opacity Limitation = Not complying with an alternate opacity limit under 30 TAC § 111.113.	
	111, Visible Emissions		Vent Source = The source of the vent is not a steam generator fired by solid fossil fuel, oil or a mixture of oil and gas and is not a catalyst regenerator for a fluid bed catalytic cracking unit.	
			Opacity Monitoring System = Optical instrument capable of measuring the opacity of emissions is not installed in the vent or optical instrumentation does not meet the requirements of § 111.111(a)(1)(D), or the vent stream does not qualify for the exemption in § 111.111(a)(3).	
			Construction Date = On or before January 31, 1972	
			Effluent Flow Rate = Effluent flow rate is less than 100,000 actual cubic feet per minute.	
16DSD001	40 CFR Part 63,		Comb Device = A combustion control device is being used.	
	Subpart FFFF		95% Scrubber = The combustion device is not followed by a scrubber or is followed by a scrubber AND the 95% reduction efficiency requirement is not met.	
			Perf Test = A performance test is not conducted.	
			Negative Pressure = The closed vent system is operated and maintained at or above atmospheric pressure.	
			Bypass Line = No bypass lines.	

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*	Changes and Exceptions to DSS**
16STK001	30 TAC Chapter 111, Visible	R1111-2	Alternate Opacity Limitation = Not complying with an alternate opacity limit under 30 TAC § 111.113.	
	Emissions		Vent Source = The source of the vent is not a steam generator fired by solid fossil fuel, oil or a mixture of oil and gas and is not a catalyst regenerator for a fluid bed catalytic cracking unit.	
			Opacity Monitoring System = Optical instrument capable of measuring the opacity of emissions is not installed in the vent or optical instrumentation does not meet the requirements of § 111.111(a)(1)(D), or the vent stream does not qualify for the exemption in § 111.111(a)(3).	
			Construction Date = On or before January 31, 1972	
			Effluent Flow Rate = Effluent flow rate is less than 100,000 actual cubic feet per minute.	
16TFX005	30 TAC Chapter	R1111-1	Alternate Opacity Limitation = Not complying with an alternate opacity limit under 30 TAC § 111.113.	
	111, Visible Emissions		Vent Source = The source of the vent is from colorless VOCs, non-fuming liquids, or other sources that are not capable of producing visible emissions. Periodic monitoring to demonstrate compliance is not required.	
			Opacity Monitoring System = Optical instrument capable of measuring the opacity of emissions is not installed in the vent or optical instrumentation does not meet the requirements of § 111.111(a)(1)(D), or the vent stream does not qualify for the exemption in § 111.111(a)(3).	
			Construction Date = On or before January 31, 1972	
			Effluent Flow Rate = Effluent flow rate is less than 100,000 actual cubic feet per minute.	
16TFX006	30 TAC Chapter	Vent Source = The source of the v are not capable of producing visibl required.  Opacity Monitoring System = Optic installed in the vent or optical instruction the vent stream does not qualify for	Alternate Opacity Limitation = Not complying with an alternate opacity limit under 30 TAC § 111.113.	
	111, Visible Emissions		Vent Source = The source of the vent is from colorless VOCs, non-fuming liquids, or other sources that are not capable of producing visible emissions. Periodic monitoring to demonstrate compliance is not required.	
			Opacity Monitoring System = Optical instrument capable of measuring the opacity of emissions is not installed in the vent or optical instrumentation does not meet the requirements of § 111.111(a)(1)(D), or the vent stream does not qualify for the exemption in § 111.111(a)(3).	
			Construction Date = On or before January 31, 1972	
			Effluent Flow Rate = Effluent flow rate is less than 100,000 actual cubic feet per minute.	
16TFX521	30 TAC Chapter	R1111-1	Alternate Opacity Limitation = Not complying with an alternate opacity limit under 30 TAC § 111.113.	
	111, Visible Emissions	missions  Vent Solution are not of required Opacity installed	Vent Source = The source of the vent is from colorless VOCs, non-fuming liquids, or other sources that are not capable of producing visible emissions. Periodic monitoring to demonstrate compliance is not required.	
			Opacity Monitoring System = Optical instrument capable of measuring the opacity of emissions is not installed in the vent or optical instrumentation does not meet the requirements of § 111.111(a)(1)(D), or the vent stream does not qualify for the exemption in § 111.111(a)(3).	
			Construction Date = On or before January 31, 1972	
			Effluent Flow Rate = Effluent flow rate is less than 100,000 actual cubic feet per minute.	

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*	Changes and Exceptions to DSS**
16TFX522	30 TAC Chapter	R1111-1	Alternate Opacity Limitation = Not complying with an alternate opacity limit under 30 TAC § 111.113.	
	111, Visible Emissions		Vent Source = The source of the vent is from colorless VOCs, non-fuming liquids, or other sources that are not capable of producing visible emissions. Periodic monitoring to demonstrate compliance is not required.	
			Opacity Monitoring System = Optical instrument capable of measuring the opacity of emissions is not installed in the vent or optical instrumentation does not meet the requirements of § 111.111(a)(1)(D), or the vent stream does not qualify for the exemption in § 111.111(a)(3).	
			Construction Date = On or before January 31, 1972	
			Effluent Flow Rate = Effluent flow rate is less than 100,000 actual cubic feet per minute.	
16VNT002	30 TAC Chapter	R1111-1	Alternate Opacity Limitation = Not complying with an alternate opacity limit under 30 TAC § 111.113.	
	111, Visible Emissions		Vent Source = The source of the vent is from colorless VOCs, non-fuming liquids, or other sources that are not capable of producing visible emissions. Periodic monitoring to demonstrate compliance is not required.	
			Opacity Monitoring System = Optical instrument capable of measuring the opacity of emissions is not installed in the vent or optical instrumentation does not meet the requirements of § 111.111(a)(1)(D), or the vent stream does not qualify for the exemption in § 111.111(a)(3).	
			Construction Date = On or before January 31, 1972	
			Effluent Flow Rate = Effluent flow rate is less than 100,000 actual cubic feet per minute.	
16VNT004	30 TAC Chapter	R1111-1	Alternate Opacity Limitation = Not complying with an alternate opacity limit under 30 TAC § 111.113.	
	111, Visible Emissions		Vent Source = The source of the vent is from colorless VOCs, non-fuming liquids, or other sources that are not capable of producing visible emissions. Periodic monitoring to demonstrate compliance is not required.	
			Opacity Monitoring System = Optical instrument capable of measuring the opacity of emissions is not installed in the vent or optical instrumentation does not meet the requirements of § 111.111(a)(1)(D), or the vent stream does not qualify for the exemption in § 111.111(a)(3).	
			Construction Date = On or before January 31, 1972	
			Effluent Flow Rate = Effluent flow rate is less than 100,000 actual cubic feet per minute.	
16VNT004	30 TAC Chapter 115, Vent Gas Controls	R5121-5	Chapter 115 Division = The vent stream does not originate from a source for which another Division in 30 TAC Chapter 115 establishes a control requirement, emission specification, or exemption for that source.	
			Combustion Exhaust = The vent stream is not from a combustion unit exhaust or the combustion unit is used as a control device for a vent stream originating from a noncombustion source subject to 30 TAC Chapter 115, Subchapter B, Division 2.	
			Vent Type = Vent gas stream emissions of the specified classes of VOCs including aldehydes, alcohols, aromatics, ethers, olefins, peroxides, amines, acids, esters, ketones, sulfides, and branched chain hydrocarbons (C8 and above).	
			Combined 24-Hour VOC Weight = Combined VOC weight is greater than 100 pounds (45.4 kg).	
			VOC Concentration = VOC concentration is less than 30,000 ppmv.	
			VOC Concentration/Emission Rate @ Max Operating Conditions = The VOC concentration or emission rate is less than the applicable exemption limit at maximum actual operating conditions and the	

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*	Changes and Exceptions to DSS**
			alternate recordkeeping requirements of 30 TAC § 115.126(4) are being selected.	
GRP04DIS001	30 TAC Chapter 115, Vent Gas Controls	R5121-3	Chapter 115 Division = The vent stream does not originate from a source for which another Division in 30 TAC Chapter 115 establishes a control requirement, emission specification, or exemption for that source.	
			Combustion Exhaust = The vent stream is not from a combustion unit exhaust or the combustion unit is used as a control device for a vent stream originating from a noncombustion source subject to 30 TAC Chapter 115, Subchapter B, Division 2.	
			Vent Type = Vent gas stream emissions of the specified classes of VOCs including aldehydes, alcohols, aromatics, ethers, olefins, peroxides, amines, acids, esters, ketones, sulfides, and branched chain hydrocarbons (C8 and above).	
			Combined 24-Hour VOC Weight = Combined VOC weight is less than or equal to 100 pounds (45.4 kg).	
			VOC Concentration = VOC concentration is greater than or equal to 30,000 ppmv.	
			VOC Concentration/Emission Rate @ Max Operating Conditions = The VOC concentration or emission rate is less than the applicable exemption limit at maximum actual operating conditions and the alternate recordkeeping requirements of 30 TAC § 115.126(4) are being selected.	
GRP04LD002	30 TAC Chapter	R1111-1	Alternate Opacity Limitation = Not complying with an alternate opacity limit under 30 TAC § 111.113.	
	111, Visible Emissions		Vent Source = The source of the vent is from colorless VOCs, non-fuming liquids, or other sources that are not capable of producing visible emissions. Periodic monitoring to demonstrate compliance is not required.	
			Opacity Monitoring System = Optical instrument capable of measuring the opacity of emissions is not installed in the vent or optical instrumentation does not meet the requirements of § 111.111(a)(1)(D), or the vent stream does not qualify for the exemption in § 111.111(a)(3).	
			Construction Date = On or before January 31, 1972	
			Effluent Flow Rate = Effluent flow rate is less than 100,000 actual cubic feet per minute.	
GRP04TK002	30 TAC Chapter	R1111-1	Alternate Opacity Limitation = Not complying with an alternate opacity limit under 30 TAC § 111.113.	
	111, Visible Emissions		Vent Source = The source of the vent is from colorless VOCs, non-fuming liquids, or other sources that are not capable of producing visible emissions. Periodic monitoring to demonstrate compliance is not required.	
			Opacity Monitoring System = Optical instrument capable of measuring the opacity of emissions is not installed in the vent or optical instrumentation does not meet the requirements of § 111.111(a)(1)(D), or the vent stream does not qualify for the exemption in § 111.111(a)(3).	
			Construction Date = On or before January 31, 1972	
			Effluent Flow Rate = Effluent flow rate is less than 100,000 actual cubic feet per minute.	
GRP04TK004	30 TAC Chapter	R1111-1	Alternate Opacity Limitation = Not complying with an alternate opacity limit under 30 TAC § 111.113.	
	111, Visible Emissions		Vent Source = The source of the vent is from colorless VOCs, non-fuming liquids, or other sources that are not capable of producing visible emissions. Periodic monitoring to demonstrate compliance is not required.	
			Opacity Monitoring System = Optical instrument capable of measuring the opacity of emissions is not installed in the vent or optical instrumentation does not meet the requirements of § 111.111(a)(1)(D), or the vent stream does not qualify for the exemption in § 111.111(a)(3).	

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*	Changes and Exceptions to DSS**
			Construction Date = On or before January 31, 1972	
			Effluent Flow Rate = Effluent flow rate is less than 100,000 actual cubic feet per minute.	
GRP04TK005	30 TAC Chapter	R1111-1	Alternate Opacity Limitation = Not complying with an alternate opacity limit under 30 TAC § 111.113.	
	111, Visible Emissions		Vent Source = The source of the vent is from colorless VOCs, non-fuming liquids, or other sources that are not capable of producing visible emissions. Periodic monitoring to demonstrate compliance is not required.	
			Opacity Monitoring System = Optical instrument capable of measuring the opacity of emissions is not installed in the vent or optical instrumentation does not meet the requirements of § 111.111(a)(1)(D), or the vent stream does not qualify for the exemption in § 111.111(a)(3).	
			Construction Date = On or before January 31, 1972	
			Effluent Flow Rate = Effluent flow rate is less than 100,000 actual cubic feet per minute.	
GRP08CT002	30 TAC Chapter	R1111-1	Alternate Opacity Limitation = Not complying with an alternate opacity limit under 30 TAC § 111.113.	
	111, Visible Emissions		Vent Source = The source of the vent is from colorless VOCs, non-fuming liquids, or other sources that are not capable of producing visible emissions. Periodic monitoring to demonstrate compliance is not required.	
			Opacity Monitoring System = Optical instrument capable of measuring the opacity of emissions is not installed in the vent or optical instrumentation does not meet the requirements of § 111.111(a)(1)(D), or the vent stream does not qualify for the exemption in § 111.111(a)(3).	
			Construction Date = On or before January 31, 1972	
			Effluent Flow Rate = Effluent flow rate is less than 100,000 actual cubic feet per minute.	
GRP08RX003	30 TAC Chapter		Alternate Opacity Limitation = Not complying with an alternate opacity limit under 30 TAC § 111.113.	
	111, Visible Emissions		Vent Source = The source of the vent is from colorless VOCs, non-fuming liquids, or other sources that are not capable of producing visible emissions. Periodic monitoring to demonstrate compliance is not required.	
			Opacity Monitoring System = Optical instrument capable of measuring the opacity of emissions is not installed in the vent or optical instrumentation does not meet the requirements of § 111.111(a)(1)(D), or the vent stream does not qualify for the exemption in § 111.111(a)(3).	
			Construction Date = On or before January 31, 1972	
			Effluent Flow Rate = Effluent flow rate is less than 100,000 actual cubic feet per minute.	
GRP08TK001	30 TAC Chapter	R1111-1	Alternate Opacity Limitation = Not complying with an alternate opacity limit under 30 TAC § 111.113.	
	111, Visible Emissions	Visible	Vent Source = The source of the vent is from colorless VOCs, non-fuming liquids, or other sources that are not capable of producing visible emissions. Periodic monitoring to demonstrate compliance is not required.	
			Opacity Monitoring System = Optical instrument capable of measuring the opacity of emissions is not installed in the vent or optical instrumentation does not meet the requirements of § 111.111(a)(1)(D), or the vent stream does not qualify for the exemption in § 111.111(a)(3).	
			Construction Date = On or before January 31, 1972	
			Effluent Flow Rate = Effluent flow rate is less than 100,000 actual cubic feet per minute.	

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*	Changes and Exceptions to DSS**
GRP13CAD	30 TAC Chapter	R1111-1	Alternate Opacity Limitation = Not complying with an alternate opacity limit under 30 TAC § 111.113.	
	111, Visible Emissions		Vent Source = The source of the vent is from colorless VOCs, non-fuming liquids, or other sources that are not capable of producing visible emissions. Periodic monitoring to demonstrate compliance is not required.	
			Opacity Monitoring System = Optical instrument capable of measuring the opacity of emissions is not installed in the vent or optical instrumentation does not meet the requirements of § 111.111(a)(1)(D), or the vent stream does not qualify for the exemption in § 111.111(a)(3).	
			Construction Date = On or before January 31, 1972	
			Effluent Flow Rate = Effluent flow rate is less than 100,000 actual cubic feet per minute.	
GRP13ENG01	30 TAC Chapter	R1111-2	Alternate Opacity Limitation = Not complying with an alternate opacity limit under 30 TAC § 111.113.	
	111, Visible Emissions		Vent Source = The source of the vent is not a steam generator fired by solid fossil fuel, oil or a mixture of oil and gas and is not a catalyst regenerator for a fluid bed catalytic cracking unit.	
			Opacity Monitoring System = Optical instrument capable of measuring the opacity of emissions is not installed in the vent or optical instrumentation does not meet the requirements of § 111.111(a)(1)(D), or the vent stream does not qualify for the exemption in § 111.111(a)(3).	
			Construction Date = On or before January 31, 1972	
			Effluent Flow Rate = Effluent flow rate is less than 100,000 actual cubic feet per minute.	
GRP13ENG03	30 TAC Chapter 111, Visible Emissions	R1111-2	Alternate Opacity Limitation = Not complying with an alternate opacity limit under 30 TAC § 111.113.	
			Vent Source = The source of the vent is not a steam generator fired by solid fossil fuel, oil or a mixture of oil and gas and is not a catalyst regenerator for a fluid bed catalytic cracking unit.	
			Opacity Monitoring System = Optical instrument capable of measuring the opacity of emissions is not installed in the vent or optical instrumentation does not meet the requirements of § 111.111(a)(1)(D), or the vent stream does not qualify for the exemption in § 111.111(a)(3).	
			Construction Date = On or before January 31, 1972	
			Effluent Flow Rate = Effluent flow rate is less than 100,000 actual cubic feet per minute.	
04DGR001	30 TAC Chapter	R5412-1	Solvent Degreasing Machine Type = Cold solvent cleaning machine.	
	115, Degreasing Processes		Alternate Control Requirement = The TCEQ Executive Director has not approved an alternative control requirement as allowed under 30 TAC § 115.413 or not alternative has been requested.	
			Solvent Sprayed = A solvent is sprayed.	
			Solvent Vapor Pressure = Solvent vapor pressure is greater than 0.6 psia as measured at 100 degrees Fahrenheit.	
			Solvent Heated = The solvent is not heated to a temperature greater than 120° F.	
			Parts Larger than Drainage = No cleaned parts for which the machine is authorized to clean are larger than the internal drainage facility of the machine.	
			Drainage Area = Area is greater than or equal to 16 square inches.	
			Disposal in Enclosed Containers = Waste solvent is properly disposed of in enclosed containers.	

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*	Changes and Exceptions to DSS**
04DGR001	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart T	R5412	Solvent Type = The unit does not use any of the following halogenated HAP solvents: methylene chloride, perchloroethylene, trichloroethylene, 1,1,1-trichloroethane, carbon tetrachloride, or chloroform in a total concentration greater than 5% by weight.	
04DIS501	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart NNN	60NNN-1	Subpart NNN Chemicals = The distillation unit produces any chemical listed in 40 CFR § 60.667 as a product, co-product, by-product, or intermediate.	
			Total Resource Effectiveness = TRE index value less than 8.0 not from a halogenated vent stream.	
			Construction/Modification Date = After December 30, 1983.	
			TOC Reduction = Compliance is achieved by reducing total organic compound emissions (less methane and ethane) by 98 weight-percent or to a concentration of 20 ppmv dry basis corrected to 3 percent oxygen using a VOC emissions non-flare combustion control device.	
			Subpart NNN Control Device = Flare.	
			Vent Type = A single distillation unit discharging vent stream into a vapor recovery system.	
			Distillation Unit Type = Does not qualify for any exemption under § 60.660(c)(1)-(3).	
			Total Design Capacity = 1 gigagram per year or greater.	
			Vent Stream Flow Rate = Flow rate greater than or equal to 0.008 scm/min.	
04DIS510	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart NNN	60NNN-2	Subpart NNN Chemicals = The distillation unit produces any chemical listed in 40 CFR § 60.667 as a product, co-product, by-product, or intermediate.	
			Total Resource Effectiveness = TRE index value greater than 8.0 not from a halogenated vent stream.	
			Construction/Modification Date = After December 30, 1983.	
			Vent Type = A single distillation unit discharging vent stream into a vapor recovery system.	
			Distillation Unit Type = Does not qualify for any exemption under § 60.660(c)(1)-(3).	
			Total Design Capacity = 1 gigagram per year or greater.	
			Vent Stream Flow Rate = Flow rate greater than or equal to 0.008 scm/min.	
GRP13CAD	40 CFR Part 61,	61FF-5	Unit Type = Individual drain system	
	Subpart FF		CLOSED VENT SYSTEM AND CONTROL DEVICE AMOC = Complying with the requirements of § 61.349	
			By-pass Line = System does not contain by-pass lines	
			Control Device Type/Operation = Carbon adsorption system that does not regenerate the carbon bed directly in the control device.	
			Engineering Calculations = Engineering calculations show that the control device is proven to achieve its emission limitation.	
			Carbon Replacement Interval = Carbon adsorber is monitored and carbon replaced on indication of breakthrough.	

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*	Changes and Exceptions to DSS**
11PRC063	40 CFR Part 61, Subpart FF	61FF-6	AMOC = An alternate means of compliance (AMOC) to meet the requirements of 40 CFR § 61.348 for treatment processes is not used.	
			By-Pass Line = The closed-vent system does not contain a by-pass line that could divert the vent stream away from the control device.	
			Treatment Stream Unit Exempt = There are units in the wastewater treatment system that are exempt according to 40 CFR § 61.348(b)(2).	
			Complying with § 61.342(e) = The facility is not complying with 40 CFR § 61.342(e).	
			Control Device Type/Operation = Flare.	
			Openings = The treatment process or wastewater treatment system unit has no openings.	
			Fuel Gas System = Not all gaseous vent streams from the treatment process or wastewater treatment system are routed to a fuel gas system.	
			Stream Combination = The process wastewater, product tank drawdown, or landfill leachate is combined with other waste streams for the purpose of facilitating management or treatment in the wastewater treatment system.	
			Closed-Vent System and Control Device = A closed-vent system and control device is used.	
			Process Or Stream Exemption = The treatment process or waste stream is not complying with 40 CFR §61.348(d).	
			AMOC = No alternate means of compliance (AMOC) to meet the requirements of 40 CFR § 61.349 for a closed-vent system and control device is used.	
			Treatment Process Engineering Calculations = Engineering calculations show that the treatment process or wastewater treatment system unit is proven to achieve its emission limitation.	

<sup>\* -</sup> The "unit attributes" or operating conditions that determine what requirements apply

\*\* - Notes changes made to the automated results from the DSS, and a brief explanation why

#### **NSR Versus Title V FOP**

The state of Texas has two Air permitting programs, New Source Review (NSR) and Title V Federal Operating Permits. The two programs are substantially different both in intent and permit content.

NSR is a preconstruction permitting program authorized by the Texas Clean Air Act and Title I of the Federal Clean Air Act (FCAA). The processing of these permits is governed by 30 Texas Administrative Code (TAC) Chapter 116.111. The Title V Federal Operating Program is a federal program authorized under Title V of the FCAA that has been delegated to the state of Texas to administer and is governed by 30 TAC Chapter 122. The major differences between the two permitting programs are listed in the table below:

NSR Permit	Federal Operating Permit(FOP)
Issued Prior to new Construction or modification of an existing facility	For initial permit with application shield, can be issued after operation commences; significant revisions require approval prior to operation.
Authorizes air emissions	Codifies existing applicable requirements, does not authorize new emissions
Ensures issued permits are protective of the environment and human health by conducting a health effects review and that requirement for best available control technology (BACT) is implemented.	Applicable requirements listed in permit are used by the inspectors to ensure proper operation of the site as authorized. Ensures that adequate monitoring is in place to allow compliance determination with the FOP.
Up to two Public notices may be required. Opportunity for public comment and contested case hearings for some authorizations.	One public notice required. Opportunity for public comments. No contested case hearings.
Applies to all point source emissions in the state.	Applies to all major sources and some non-major sources identified by the EPA.
Applies to facilities: a portion of site or individual emission sources	One or multiple FOPs cover the entire site (consists of multiple facilities)
Permits include terms and conditions under which the applicant must construct and operate its various equipment and processes on a facility basis.	Permits include terms and conditions that specify the general operational requirements of the site; and also include codification of all applicable requirements for emission units at the site.
Opportunity for EPA review for Federal Prevention of Significant Deterioration (PSD) and Nonattainment (NA) permits for major sources.	Opportunity for EPA review, Affected states review, and a Public petition period for every FOP.
Permits have a table listing maximum emission limits for pollutants	Permit has an applicable requirements table and Periodic Monitoring (PM) / Compliance Assurance Monitoring (CAM) tables which document applicable monitoring requirements.
Permits can be altered or amended upon application by company. Permits must be issued before construction or modification of facilities can begin.	Permits can be revised through several revision processes, which provide for different levels of public notice and opportunity to comment. Changes that would be significant revisions require that a revised permit be issued before those changes can be operated.
NSR permits are issued independent of FOP requirements.	FOP are independent of NSR permits, but contain a list of all NSR permits incorporated by reference

## **New Source Review Requirements**

Below is a list of the New Source Review (NSR) permits for the permitted area. These NSR permits are incorporated by reference into the operating permit and are enforceable under it. These permits can be found in the main TCEQ file room,

located on the first floor of Building E, 12100 Park 35 Circle, Austin, Texas. The Public Education Program may be contacted at 1-800-687-4040 or the Air Permits Division (APD) may be contacted at 1-512-239-1250 for help with any question.

Additionally, the site contains emission units that are permitted by rule under the requirements of 30 TAC Chapter 106, Permits by Rule. The following table specifies the permits by rule that apply to the site. All current permits by rule are contained in Chapter 106. Outdated 30 TAC Chapter 106 permits by rule may be viewed at the following Web site:

www.tceq.texas.gov/permitting/air/permitbyrule/historical\_rules/old106list/index106.html

Outdated Standard Exemption lists may be viewed at the following Web site:

www.tceq.texas.gov/permitting/air/permitbyrule/historical\_rules/oldselist/se\_index.html

The status of air permits and applications and a link to the Air Permits Remote Document Server is located at the following Web site:

www.tceq.texas.gov/permitting/air/nav/air\_status\_permits.html

## **New Source Review Authorization References**

Prevention of Significant Deterioration (PSD) Permits			
PSD Permit No.: PSDTX1416	Issuance Date: 03/11/2016		
Title 30 TAC Chapter 116 Permits, Special Pe Permits, or NA Permits) for the Application A	rmits, and Other Authorizations (Other Than Permits By Rule, PSD rea.		
Authorization No.: 23271	Issuance Date: 03/11/2016		
Authorization No.: 31376	Issuance Date: 12/13/2010		
Permits By Rule (30 TAC Chapter 106) for the	Application Area		
Number: 106.261	Version No./Date: 03/14/1997		
Number: 106.261	Version No./Date: 12/24/1998		
Number: 106.261	Version No./Date: 09/04/2000		
Number: 106.261	Version No./Date: 11/01/2003		
Number: 106.262	Version No./Date: 03/14/1997		
Number: 106.262	Version No./Date: 12/24/1998		
Number: 106.262	Version No./Date: 09/04/2000		
Number: 106.262	Version No./Date: 11/01/2003		
Number: 106.263	Version No./Date: 11/01/2001		
Number: 106.371	Version No./Date: 09/04/2000		
Number: 106.373	Version No./Date: 09/04/2000		
Number: 106.454	Version No./Date: 11/01/2001		
Number: 106.472	Version No./Date: 03/14/1997		
Number: 106.472	Version No./Date: 09/04/2000		
Number: 106.473	Version No./Date: 09/04/2000		
Number: 106.511	Version No./Date: 09/04/2000		

#### **New Source Review Authorization References**

Number: 106.512	Version No./Date: 06/13/2001
Number: 106.532	Version No./Date: 03/14/1997
Number: 106.532	Version No./Date: 09/04/2000

#### **Emission Units and Emission Points**

In air permitting terminology, any source capable of generating emissions (for example, an engine or a sandblasting area) is called an Emission Unit. For purposes of Title V, emission units are specifically listed in the operating permit when they have applicable requirements other than New Source Review (NSR), or when they are listed in the permit shield table.

The actual physical location where the emissions enter the atmosphere (for example, an engine stack or a sand-blasting yard) is called an emission point. For New Source Review preconstruction permitting purposes, every emission unit has an associated emission point. Emission limits are listed in an NSR permit, associated with an emission point. This list of emission points and emission limits per pollutant is commonly referred to as the "Maximum Allowable Emission Rate Table", or "MAERT" for short. Specifically, the MAERT lists the Emission Point Number (EPN) that identifies the emission point, followed immediately by the Source Name, identifying the emission unit that is the source of those emissions on this table.

Thus, by reference, an emission unit in a Title V operating permit is linked by reference number to an NSR authorization, and its related emission point.

### **Monitoring Sufficiency**

Federal and state rules, 40 CFR § 70.6(a)(3)(i)(B) and 30 TAC § 122.142(c) respectively, require that each federal operating permit include additional monitoring for applicable requirements that lack periodic or instrumental monitoring (which may include recordkeeping that serves as monitoring) that yields reliable data from a relevant time period that are representative of the emission unit's compliance with the applicable emission limitation or standard. Furthermore, the federal operating permit must include compliance assurance monitoring (CAM) requirements for emission sources that meet the applicability criteria of 40 CFR Part 64 in accordance with 40 CFR § 70.6(a)(3)(i)(A) and 30 TAC § 122.604(b).

With the exception of any emission units listed in the Periodic Monitoring or CAM Summaries in the FOP, the TCEQ Executive Director has determined that the permit contains sufficient monitoring, testing, recordkeeping, and reporting requirements that assure compliance with the applicable requirements. If applicable, each emission unit that requires additional monitoring in the form of periodic monitoring or CAM is described in further detail under the Rationale for CAM/PM Methods Selected section following this paragraph.

### Rationale for Compliance Assurance Monitoring (CAM)/ Periodic Monitoring Methods Selected

### **Periodic Monitoring:**

The Federal Clean Air Act requires that each federal operating permit include monitoring sufficient to assure compliance with the terms and conditions of the permit. Most of the emission limits and standards applicable to emission units at Title V sources include adequate monitoring to show that the units meet the limits and standards. For those requirements that do not include monitoring, or where the monitoring is not sufficient to assure compliance, the federal operating permit must include such monitoring for the emission units affected. The following emission units are subject to periodic monitoring requirements because the emission units are subject to an emission limitation or standard for an air pollutant (or surrogate thereof) in an applicable requirement that does not already require monitoring, or the monitoring for the applicable requirement is not sufficient to assure compliance:

Unit/Group/Process Information				
ID No.: 04TFX026				
Control Device ID No.: N/A	Control Device Type: N/A			
Applicable Regulatory Requirement	·			
Name: 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Kb	SOP Index No.: 60KB-3			
Pollutant: VOC	Main Standard: [G]§ 60.112b(a)(3)			
Monitoring Information				
Indicator: Visual Inspection				
Minimum Frequency: Once per year				
Averaging Period: n/a				
Deviation Limit: Failure to repair defects.				
Basis of monitoring:				

It is widely practiced and accepted to use work practice as a monitoring option to demonstrate compliance. Preventive maintenance and visual inspections of control equipment, as recommended by the manufacturer, conducted by the owner or operator can ensure that the unit is operating properly. The work practice requirements prescribe that preventive maintenance and/or visual inspections be performed and a recorded in a log. This option assures that the owner or operator is adequately maintaining the control equipment.

Unit/Group/Process Information		
ID No.: 04TFX026		
Control Device ID No.: N/A	Control Device Type: N/A	
Applicable Regulatory Requirement		
Name: 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Kb	SOP Index No.: 60KB-3	
Pollutant: VOC	Main Standard: [G]§ 60.112b(a)(3)	

## **Monitoring Information**

Indicator: VOC Concentration

Minimum Frequency: Once per year during any year in which the tank is in service

Averaging Period: n/a

Deviation Limit: Failure to repair component leaks within 15 days or before the end of the next process unit shutdown shall be reported as a deviation

#### Basis of monitoring:

It is widely practiced and accepted to monitor the VOC concentration at the outlet of a control device by use of a portable analyzer with procedures such as EPA Test Method 25A or a VOC CEMS. The measured concentration along with stack flow rate or AP-42 factors and fuel consumption records may be used to demonstrate compliance with an underlying emission limit or standard. Outlet VOC concentration has been used as an indicator of VOC emissions in many federal rules including 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart III, 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart NNN, 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart RRR, 40 CFR Part 61, Subpart BB, 40 CFR Part 61, Subpart FF, 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart R, 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart DD, and 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart HH.

Unit/Group/Process Information		
ID No.: 11TFX082		
Control Device ID No.: N/A	Control Device Type: N/A	
Applicable Regulatory Requirement		
Name: 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Kb	SOP Index No.: 63KB-1	
Pollutant: VOC	Main Standard: [G]§ 60.112b(a)(3)	
Monitoring Information		
Indicator: Visual Inspection		
Minimum Frequency: Once per year		
Averaging Period: n/a		
Deviation Limit: Failure to repair defects.		

It is widely practiced and accepted to use work practice as a monitoring option to demonstrate compliance. Preventive maintenance and visual inspections of control equipment, as recommended by the manufacturer, conducted by the owner or operator can ensure that the unit is operating properly. The work practice requirements prescribe that preventive maintenance and/or visual inspections be performed and a recorded in a log. This option assures that the owner or operator is adequately maintaining the control equipment.

Unit/Group/Process Information		
ID No.: 11TFX082		
Control Device ID No.: N/A	Control Device Type: N/A	
Applicable Regulatory Requirement		
Name: 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Kb	SOP Index No.: 63KB-1	
Pollutant: VOC	Main Standard: [G]§ 60.112b(a)(3)	
Manitaring Information		

### **Monitoring Information**

Indicator: VOC Concentration

Minimum Frequency: Once per year during any year in which the tank is in service

Averaging Period: n/a

Deviation Limit: Failure to repair component leaks within 15 days or before the end of the next process unit shutdown shall be reported as a deviation

#### Basis of monitoring:

It is widely practiced and accepted to monitor the VOC concentration at the outlet of a control device by use of a portable analyzer with procedures such as EPA Test Method 25A or a VOC CEMS. The measured concentration along with stack flow rate or AP-42 factors and fuel consumption records may be used to demonstrate compliance with an underlying emission limit or standard. Outlet VOC concentration has been used as an indicator of VOC emissions in many federal rules including 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart III, 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart NNN, 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart RRR, 40 CFR Part 61, Subpart BB, 40 CFR Part 61, Subpart FF, 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart R, 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart DD, and 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart HH.

Unit/Group/Process Information		
ID No.: 13ENG00C		
Control Device ID No.: N/A	Control Device Type: N/A	
Applicable Regulatory Requirement		
Name: 30 TAC Chapter 111, Visible Emissions	SOP Index No.: R1111-2	
Pollutant: PM (OPACITY)	Main Standard: § 111.111(a)(1)(A)	
Monitoring Information		
Indicator: Visible Emissions		
Minimum Frequency: once per quarter		
Averaging Period: n/a		

The option to perform opacity readings or visible emissions to demonstrate compliance is consistent with EPA Reference Test Method 9 and 22. Opacity and visible emissions have been used as an indicator of particulate emissions in many federal rules including 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart F and Subpart HH. In addition, use of these indicators is consistent with the EPA's "Compliance Assurance Monitoring (CAM) Technical Guidance Document" (August 1998). Monitoring specifications and procedures for the opacity are consistent with federal requirements and include the EPA's Test Method 9 for determining opacity by visual observations and the requirements of 40 CFR § 60.13 for a continuous opacity monitoring system (COMS). The monitoring specifications and procedures for the visible emissions monitoring are similar to "EPA Reference Method 22" procedures.

Deviation Limit: Opacity exceeding 30% averaged over a six-minute period.

Unit/Group/Process Information		
ID No.: 16STK001		
Control Device ID No.: N/A	Control Device Type: N/A	
Applicable Regulatory Requirement		
Name: 30 TAC Chapter 111, Visible Emissions	SOP Index No.: R1111-2	
Pollutant: PM (OPACITY)	Main Standard: § 111.111(a)(1)(A)	
Monitoring Information		
Indicator: Visible Emissions		
Minimum Frequency: once per quarter		
Averaging Period: n/a		

The option to perform opacity readings or visible emissions to demonstrate compliance is consistent with EPA Reference Test Method 9 and 22. Opacity and visible emissions have been used as an indicator of particulate emissions in many federal rules including 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart F and Subpart HH. In addition, use of these indicators is consistent with the EPA's "Compliance Assurance Monitoring (CAM) Technical Guidance Document" (August 1998). Monitoring specifications and procedures for the opacity are consistent with federal requirements and include the EPA's Test Method 9 for determining opacity by visual observations and the requirements of 40 CFR § 60.13 for a continuous opacity monitoring system (COMS). The monitoring specifications and procedures for the visible emissions monitoring are similar to "EPA Reference Method 22" procedures.

Deviation Limit: Opacity exceeding 30% averaged over a six-minute period.

Unit/Group/Process Information		
ID No.: GRP13ENG01		
Control Device ID No.: N/A	Control Device Type: N/A	
Applicable Regulatory Requirement		
Name: 30 TAC Chapter 111, Visible Emissions	SOP Index No.: R1111-2	
Pollutant: PM (OPACITY)	Main Standard: § 111.111(a)(1)(A)	
Monitoring Information		
Indicator: Visible Emissions		
Minimum Frequency: once per quarter		
Averaging Period: n/a		
Deviation Limit: Opacity exceeding 30% averaged over a six-minute period.		

The option to perform opacity readings or visible emissions to demonstrate compliance is consistent with EPA Reference Test Method 9 and 22. Opacity and visible emissions have been used as an indicator of particulate emissions in many federal rules including 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart F and Subpart HH. In addition, use of these indicators is consistent with the EPA's "Compliance Assurance Monitoring (CAM) Technical Guidance Document" (August 1998). Monitoring specifications and procedures for the opacity are consistent with federal requirements and include the EPA's Test Method 9 for determining opacity by visual observations and the requirements of 40 CFR § 60.13 for a continuous opacity monitoring system (COMS). The monitoring specifications and procedures for the visible emissions monitoring are similar to "EPA Reference Method 22" procedures.

Unit/Group/Process Information		
ID No.: GRP13ENG03		
Control Device ID No.: N/A	Control Device Type: N/A	
Applicable Regulatory Requirement		
Name: 30 TAC Chapter 111, Visible Emissions	SOP Index No.: R1111-2	
Pollutant: PM (OPACITY)	Main Standard: § 111.111(a)(1)(A)	
Monitoring Information		
Indicator: Visible Emissions		
Minimum Frequency: once per quarter		
Averaging Period: n/a		
Deviation Limit: Opacity exceeding 30% averaged over a six-minute period.		

The option to perform opacity readings or visible emissions to demonstrate compliance is consistent with EPA Reference Test Method 9 and 22. Opacity and visible emissions have been used as an indicator of particulate emissions in many federal rules including 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart F and Subpart HH. In addition, use of these indicators is consistent with the EPA's "Compliance Assurance Monitoring (CAM) Technical Guidance Document" (August 1998). Monitoring specifications and procedures for the opacity are consistent with federal requirements and include the EPA's Test Method 9 for determining opacity by visual observations and the requirements of 40 CFR § 60.13 for a continuous opacity monitoring system (COMS). The monitoring specifications and procedures for the visible emissions monitoring are similar to "EPA Reference Method 22" procedures.

#### **Available Unit Attribute Forms**

- OP-UA1 Miscellaneous and Generic Unit Attributes
- OP-UA2 Stationary Reciprocating Internal Combustion Engine Attributes
- OP-UA3 Storage Tank/Vessel Attributes
- OP-UA4 Loading/Unloading Operations Attributes
- OP-UA5 Process Heater/Furnace Attributes
- OP-UA6 Boiler/Steam Generator/Steam Generating Unit Attributes
- OP-UA7 Flare Attributes
- **OP-UA8 Coal Preparation Plant Attributes**
- OP-UA9 Nonmetallic Mineral Process Plant Attributes
- OP-UA10 Gas Sweetening/Sulfur Recovery Unit Attributes
- **OP-UA11 Stationary Turbine Attributes**
- OP-UA12 Fugitive Emission Unit Attributes
- OP-UA13 Industrial Process Cooling Tower Attributes
- OP-UA14 Water Separator Attributes
- OP-UA15 Emission Point/Stationary Vent/Distillation Operation/Process Vent Attributes
- OP-UA16 Solvent Degreasing Machine Attributes
- OP-UA17 Distillation Unit Attributes
- OP-UA18 Surface Coating Operations Attributes
- OP-UA19 Wastewater Unit Attributes
- OP-UA20 Asphalt Operations Attributes
- OP-UA21 Grain Elevator Attributes
- OP-UA22 Printing Attributes
- OP-UA24 Wool Fiberglass Insulation Manufacturing Plant Attributes
- OP-UA25 Synthetic Fiber Production Attributes
- OP-UA26 Electroplating and Anodizing Unit Attributes
- OP-UA27 Nitric Acid Manufacturing Attributes
- OP-UA28 Polymer Manufacturing Attributes
- OP-UA29 Glass Manufacturing Unit Attributes
- OP-UA30 Kraft, Soda, Sulfite, and Stand-Alone Semichemical Pulp Mill Attributes
- OP-UA31 Lead Smelting Attributes
- OP-UA32 Copper and Zinc Smelting/Brass and Bronze Production Attributes
- OP-UA33 Metallic Mineral Processing Plant Attributes
- OP-UA34 Pharmaceutical Manufacturing
- OP-UA35 Incinerator Attributes
- OP-UA36 Steel Plant Unit Attributes
- OP-UA37 Basic Oxygen Process Furnace Unit Attributes
- OP-UA38 Lead-Acid Battery Manufacturing Plant Attributes
- OP-UA39 Sterilization Source Attributes
- OP-UA40 Ferroalloy Production Facility Attributes
- OP-UA41 Dry Cleaning Facility Attributes
- OP-UA42 Phosphate Fertilizer Manufacturing Attributes
- OP-UA43 Sulfuric Acid Production Attributes
- OP-UA44 Municipal Solid Waste Landfill/Waste Disposal Site Attributes
- OP-UA45 Surface Impoundment Attributes
- OP-UA46 Epoxy Resins and Non-Nylon Polyamides Production Attributes
- OP-UA47 Ship Building and Ship Repair Unit Attributes
- OP-UA48 Air Oxidation Unit Process Attributes
- OP-UA49 Vacuum-Producing System Attributes
- OP-UA50 Fluid Catalytic Cracking Unit Catalyst Regenerator/Fuel Gas Combustion Device/Claus Sulfur Recovery Plant Attributes
- OP-UA51 Dryer/Kiln/Oven Attributes
- OP-UA52 Closed Vent Systems and Control Devices
- OP-UA53 Beryllium Processing Attributes
- OP-UA54 Mercury Chlor-Alkali Cell Attributes

- OP-UA55 Transfer System Attributes
- OP-UA56 Vinyl Chloride Process Attributes
- OP-UA57 Cleaning/Depainting Operation Attributes
- OP-UA58 Treatment Process Attributes
- OP-UA59 Coke By-Product Recovery Plant Attributes
- OP-UA60 Chemical Manufacturing Process Unit Attributes
- OP-UA61 Pulp, Paper, or Paperboard Producing Process Attributes
- OP-UA62 Glycol Dehydration Unit Attributes
- OP-UA63 Vegetable Oil Production Attributes